THE EYES OF ISRAEL

(A STUDY OF ZIONIST INTELLIGENCE)

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AL QAIDA PUBLICATIONS

THE EYES OF ISRAEL

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INTRODUCTION

Information regarding the enemy has played a major role in wars since ancient times. Peoples have often won victories thanks to their superiority over their enemies in the field of obtaining information. Since we in the Palestinian Revolution are striving for victory over the racist Zionist enemy, I wished to do my part, albeit in a humble way, towards achieving this aim by presenting some information which I obtained regarding Zionist intelligence in the course of my work in the ranks of the Palestinian Resistance.

My aim in this is not to write a comprehensive book on the history of Zionist intelligence, but to offer a precise short study of the dangers resulting from the activities of the enemy's intelligence, in the hope that it will help my comrades in the Resistance to take the necessary precautions to reduce these dangers, as well as the members of revolutionary movements in the world and other friends of the Palestinian Revolution to protect themselves from Zionism, which threatens not only the Palestinian people but the human race as a whole, including the interests of the Jews themselves.

It has become customary for the authors of objective books to mention the sources of the information contained therein. I have not done so for the following reasons:

1) A large proportion of the information contained in this study has not been published before, so I have not taken it from any written sources;

2) I obtained this information through my work in the ranks of the Resistance, from sources whose names I cannot mention, for fear of exposing them to danger;

3) The aim of this study, as I said, is not to present a history book, or a propaganda book which needs to mention sources so as to convince readers, but to provide information to members and friends of the Resistance on the nature of the enemy.

Previously published information can be verified as truth, and additional information can be otained by those who wish to dig deeply into the subject, from the following sources:

In Arabic

Nizar Ammar, **Al Istikhbarat Al Isra'iliya (Israeli Intelligence)**, (Beirut, Al Mu'assasa Al Arabiya lid Dirasat wal Nashr, 1976). Despite the passage of over five years since this book was published, it remains the best study on Zionist intelligence.

Dennis Eisenberg, Eli Landau & Uri Dan, **Al Mossad, Jihaz Al Mukhabarat Al Isra'iliya Al Sirri (Mossad, the Secret Israeli Intelligence Service)**, (Beirut, Al Mu'assasa Al Arabiya lid Dirasat wal Nashr, 1981). Although expressing the Zionist viewpoint, it also contains a number of useful facts. Translated from Hebrew.

Dr. Hamdan Badr, **Tarikh Munadhdhamat Al Haganah fi Filistin min 1920 ila 1945 (History of the Haganah Organisation in Palestine from 1920 to 1945)**, (Beirut, Filistin Al Muhtalla Publications, 1981). This book is regarded as a valuable historical study on the development of the strongest Zionist terrorist body in British Mandate days.

Yeshayahu Ben-Porat, Yehontan Even, Uri Dan, Eytan Hever, Hizi Carmel, Eli Landau and Eli Tabor, **Al Taqsir (The Shortcoming)**, (Beirut, Institute for Palestine Studies, 1974). Translated from Hebrew, this book contains useful

information on the failure of the enemy's intelligence and armed forces in the 1973 war.

In English

Richard Deacon, **The Israeli Secret Service,** (London, Hamish Hamilton, 1977). A pro-Zionist book, which nevertheless contains some useful information.

Wolfgang Lotz, **The Champagne Spy** (New York, Manor Books, 1972). The story of Lotz's adventures in Egypt.

Ben Hecht, **Perfidy,** (New York, Messner, 1961).

Reb Moshe Shonfeld, **The Holocaust Victims Accuse,** (New York, Neturei Karta of USA, 1977).

Jon and David Kimche, **The Secret Roads,** (London, Secker & Warburg, 1954).

Hannah Arendt, **Eichmann in Jerusalem,** (London, Faber & Faber, 1963).

The last four books deal with relations between Zionism and Nazism.

Abdul Karim Abulfida
Beirut, June 1981.

TRANSLATOR'S NOTE

When the Zionists established their state in Palestine, they named it "Israel", a religious name given to the Prophet Jacob. The Zionists thereby hoped to exploit this name's sacred significance to serve the purpose of their state based on racial discrimination, making it appear that support of this state was a religious obligation for all Jews. This was resented by many sincere religious Jews, such as the followers of the Neturei Karta, as well as Jewish progressives and many of the Sephardic Jews who suffer from racial discrimination as second-class citizens in the Ashkenazi-ruled Zionist entity.

Since the Second World War, the United Nations, the supreme body in international law, has progressively adopted a series of resolutions against Nazism, apartheid and all forms of racial discrimination, culminating in its resolution defining Zionism as a form of racism. The cumulative effect of these resolutions is to illegalise racial discrimination under international law, and it follows that a state based on racial discrimination has no legality.

In the Arabic original of this study, the word "Israel" used in the context of the Zionist state is placed between inverted commas to denote its lack of legality. Out of respect for international law and for the feelings of those Jews who disagree with the way Zionism has distorted the noble tenets of their religion for racist political ends, I have preserved the inverted commas in the English translation.

PART ONE

THE HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

1. The Rise of Zionist Intelligence

The Zionists boast that espionage has deep roots in the history of Judaism. Among examples of this is the story of Rahab the harlot, who co-operated with the spies whom Joshua the son of Nun, the Prophet Moses' successor, sent to Palestine before his forces seized Jericho. Zionism refers to such examples for its propaganda purposes, to further its myth that the Jews who came from Europe to Palestine, and who are descended from the Khazars and other European peoples who were converted to Judaism, are descendents of the Children of Israel mentioned in the Bible. However, if the men of Zionist intelligence want us to consider them the sons of Rahab the harlot, we have no objection.

The Zionist movement was established at its first Congress at Basel, Switzerland, in 1897. The Zionists' activity in the intelligence field began shortly after that, under the supervision of the Poale Zion (Workers of Zion) party, which gathered information on the enemies of Zionism in Europe by spying against them.

In 1903 the first Zionist military organisation was founded in the town of Gomel in Czarist Russia. Its official aim was to protect the Jews from persecution by the Czarist regime. However, the founder of the Zionist movement, Theodor Herzl, was in collusion with that regime in its persecution of the Jews, since he saw it as a positive factor which compelled Russian Jews to emigrate to Palestine to free themselves of this persecution.

After about 40,000 Russian Jews emigrated to Palestine in 1904 and 1905, it became clear that the real aim of this military organisation was to prepare emigrants for settlement in Palestine, since a number of these emigrants in 1907 set up a secret military organisation in Palestine called

Bar Giora, to collect secret information and train young Zionist men to prepare to seize the land. This organisation founded the first *Kibbutz* settlement, in Northern Galilee.

In 1909 this organisation was reorganised and renamed *Hashomer* (The Watchman), and began working more openly to win more support among the Jews present in Palestine. Yitzhak Ben Zvi, who later became the Zionist state's President, was one of the leaders of *Hashomer,* and Savid Ben Gurion, the Zionists' first Prime Minister, was among its prominent supporters.

It is apparent that the Zionist movement began to prepare the way for the entry of British colonialism to Palestine even before the Balfour Declaration was issued, since the Ottoman authorities in. 1907 uncovered the BILU organisation which was composed of a number of Jewish immigrants from Europe to Palestine. It provided British colonialism with secret information on the situation of the Ottoman Empire, including military information, as well as on Palestinian patriotic activities. After this network was uncovered, the Turkish authorities expelled three of its leaders to Europe.

When the First World War broke out, the Zionists adopted a policy of duplicity and tried to form an alliance with both sides to the conflict. Ben Zvi and Ben Gurion contacted the Ottoman authorities and offered to enlist *Hashomer* as a militia to fight on their side, but the Turks refused this offer. When it became clear that the Ottoman state would lose the war, the leaders of *Hashomer* made a similar offer to the allies.

At the same time, the Zionists established a spy network for the allies' benefit, known as NILI, in 1914. The head of this network, Aharon Aharonson, was able to win the Turks' confidence and provide the British Army with important military information on the positions and

preparations of the Ottoman Army, until the Turkish authorities arrested one of the members of the spy ring. After this person had revealed the mames of other members of the network, some of them were arrested and others fled, and this ring was broken up in 1917.

As a result of the actions of NILI, the Ottoman authorities came to suspect all Zionist activities, including *Hashomer,* and expelled Ben Zvi and Ben Gurion from Palestine.

After the consolidation of British control over Palestine at the end of the First World War, the Zionists' situation changed in that they became a party officially recognised by the ruling colonial power. They established the "Jewish Agency" as the official body to direct the Zionist colonists' affairs in 1920. The "Jewish Agency" contained a special secret section whose task was to form espionage networks to operate in the Arab and European countries and the United States.

This section, known as the Political Bureau, was headed by an English Jew from British Military Intelligence, Colonel Fred Kisch, who was at the same time a member of the "Palestine Executive" of the World Zionist Organisation. As a result of his job in British Intelligence, this man, whom Chaim Weizmann described as "belonging to both worlds, English as well as Jewish", was able to provide the Zionists with most of the secret information available to the British Mandate authorities in Palestine.

Among this information that the Political Bureau obtained in 1929, for example, was "a secret document which the British Police Headquarters in Jerusalem had prepared, containing a blacklist of the names of Palestinian leaders who would be arrested if the situation became critical to the point of threatening security, and was able to

exploit this document brilliantly" (Nizar Ammar, *Israeli Intelligence,* Beirut, 1976, p. 70).

The year 1920 witnessed a large campaign to reorganise secret Zionist military activity. *Hashomer* was dissolved, and a similar organisation named *Hagana* was established under the command of the leader of the extreme right wing of the Zionist movement,Vladimir Jabotinsky. Jabotinsky secured weapons to arm the *Hagana* from an American gun-runner.

However, Jabotinsky conducted his military campaigns openly, and was arrested on 4 April 1920 on a charge of taking part in disorderly acts and imprisoned for a while. Subsequently, in December 1920, the Zionist leadership placed the *Hagana* under the direction of the *Histadrut* (the Zionist labour organisation) and appointed Eliahu Golomb its commander. But Ben-Gurion, who was the Secretary-General of the Histadrut and Chairman of the "Jewish Agency" Executive, became the real supreme commander of *Hagana.*

At that time, schisms occurred in the Zionist movement's military wing, when a number of Jabotisky's supporters set up their own bloc within the *Hagana,* while some extremist former *Hashomer* members refused to join *Hagana.* They formed another military organisation called *Gdud Haavoda,* which lasted until 1926.

During this period, the Zionists managed to control most of the British Mandate establishment. The High Commissioner was the British Zionist Sir Herbert Samuel, who appointed other Zionists to sensitive positions, including the Attorney General and the Directors of the Customs and Immigration Departments. This facilitated the task of the *Hagana* in bringing in men and weapons and carrying out various military and sabotage activities.

The *Hagana's* activities covered a number of fields, including the collection of secret information, training of

combatants, conduct of sabotage operations, smuggling of immigrants and arms and manufacture of arms. The first *Hagana* arms factory was established in the 1920s in underground tunnels at Kfar Gileadi settlement. Then a second factory was established in Tel Aviv. To begin with, the Zionists manufactured hand grenades and small arms ammunition in these two factories.

As a result of the 1929 Palestinian uprising, the Zionists decided to expand and strengthen *Hagana.* It was placed under the control of the "Jewish Agency". In the period from 1931 to 1937, it was able to enlarge its membership to 17,000 men and 4,000 women, and obtain 4,500 rifles, 10,000 pistols and 230 machine guns. Most of its training courses were secret.

The Zionist intelligence structures benefited from Jewish officers in the Mandate police forces, including Bichor Shalom Shitrit, who was Chief of Police in Tel Aviv from 1927 to 1933 and then Commander of the Police Academy. Subsequently he became the first Minister of Police in the Zionist state.

The Zionists managed to build up a competent intelligence apparatus to support *Hagana*'s military force in the 1930s. During this period the Zionists took a number of steps to raise their military standards in preparation for launching all-out war against the people of Palestine, including the purchase of modern wireless equipment, the establishment of sections for signals and military medical services and a new military intelligence apparatus named *Sherut Yediot* or *Shai* and the development of methods of gun-running and local arms manufacture.

The new military intelligence apparatus *Shai,* founded in 1937, was directly under the leadership of the "Jewish Agency". The same year, the extreme Zionist who believed in the methods of violence and terrorism, David Ben

Gurion, managed to consolidate his complete control of the "Jewish Agency", over whose Executive Committee he presided. He appointed Moshe Sharett as head of *Shai.* After the Zionist state had been established, Ben Gurion became its first Prime Minister, and Sharett succeeded him in that post.

Shai's tasks included the securing of complete information on the activity of revolutionary movements in Palestine and the preparation of studies based on secret information about the political and economic situation in the country.

As Nizar Ammar mentioned in his book "Israeli Intelligence", *Shai* networks extended to include Arab and foreign countries, concealed behind numerous activities: sports clubs, international organisations and charitable societies. It gathered political information both internally and internationally, in addition to its military section. *Shai*'s activities extended in that period to include spying on the Jews themselves."

Shai benefited greatly later from the expertise of the British intelligence officer Charles Orde Wingate, after he began his work of training *Hagana* men. Then in June 1940 an Arab Department was established in *Shai* under Ezra Danin in order to obtain intelligence information on what was going on among the Palestinian people. Among the things this department did was the establishment of archives for information on the social structure of Palestinian towns and villages, reconnoitring them topographically, collecting personal details on Palestinian leaders, setting up a network of Arab informers, gathering information on personalities who could become future leaders, and also complete reading of the Arabic press.

During the Second World War, part of Zionist intelligence worked to collect information on the Vichy

French forces allied to Nazism in Syria and Lebanon and putting this information at the disposal of the British forces, while Zionist intelligence also carried out other activities in collusion with the Nazi authorities in Europe. Thus the Zionists gained expertise and political benefits from both sides in the Second World War. In 1942 an agreement was signed between the British command and *Hagana* involving the formation of an espionage network inside Palestine and in some other Arab states. Among the prominent Zionists who worked in the framework of British-Zionist intelligence co-ordination was Abba Eban, who worked as a teacher in a British school to teach Arabic to British spies and later became Zionist Foreign Minister.

In that period, Zionist intelligence also set up a number of subsidiary organisations like *Mossad le Aliya Bet,* responsible for organising the emigration of Jews from Europe to Palestine, and *Rechesh,* which undertook the task of smuggling weapons.

Thus the Zionist entity was established in 1948 with an active intelligence apparatus which benefited from expertise gained through its own experiences and its co-ordination with both British imperialism and Nazi Germany.

2. Development of Zionist Terrorist Bodies

Zionist intelligence is characterised by its skill in terrorist activities like assasination and sabotage, in addition to carrying out espionage and devising political conspiracies. It is useful now to examine the historical phases of the development of Zionist terrorist bodies.

The *Hagana* terrorist organisation set up special assault groups in 1927. The task of these groups, known as *Kvutzat Hamerkaz,* was to carry out acts of violence against Palestinian civilians, such as setting up ambushes to kill passersby, laying mines on the roads and placing explosive devices in the homes of patriotic figures.

When the people's revolt broke out in Palestine against the persecution by the Zionist gangs and the British Mandate, *Hagana* stepped up these terrorist operations. The period of this revolt, from 1936 to 1939, was an important turning-point in the development of the Zionist intelligence and terrorist organisations.

The first result of the outbreak of this revolt in this respect was the strengthening of the extremist trends within the Zionist movement, which advocated more terrorism instead of political action, to face the new situation arising from the Palestinian masses defending their country by armed struggle. *Hagana* formed mobile assault patrols, called *Hanodedet* or "flying columns" owing to their rapidity of movement, in November 1936.

The *Hanodedet* began their operations in the Jerusalem area, and expanded them to include Galilee as well. They specialised in setting up ambushes at night and attacking villages to slaughter the inhabitants. Most of their units were made up of about 70 men.

Also in 1936, the Mandate administration proposed to the "Jewish Agency" that a Zionist police force be formed,

trained and armed by the mandate authorities to help then suppress the revolt. The Zionists naturally agreed to this suggestion which gave them a golden opportunity to train and arm more terrorists in a "legal" way, so that they could carry out terrorist operations while dressed in police uniforms. In 1938, the number of men in the Zionist police force (*Notrim*) reached about 5,000, with a reserve estimated at about 15,000 men.

All members of this force were seconded from *Hagana,* to whose orders they were primarily subject, while secondarily subject to the orders of the British authorities. So the *Hanodedet* assault units came to operate within the framework of the police, to give their terrorist actions a legal character. The number of these units within the police came to 62 in 1939, and Moshe Dayan was one of their NCOS.

In 1938 a pro-Zionist British officer, Major Charles Orde Wingate, in co-ordination with the *Hagana* High Command and by special permission from the Commander of the British forces in Palestine, set up commando squads which he called the "Special Night Squads".

These squads carried out the same sorts of operations as the *Hagana* except that their ability to inflict casualties was greater as a result of the high standard of training they received from Wingate and other British officers. However the action of these squads in carrying out a massacre of civilians in Tiberias in September 1938 led to a scandal which compelled the British authorities to transfer Wingate to another country and disband his special squads in 1939.

However, all these facilities in the field of military training which the Mandate authorities provided to the Zionist movement during this period enabled the Zionists to develop their terrorist organisations, preparatory to transforming those organisations into a strong regular army

in the 1940s, in order to seize Palestine.

In this framework, *Hagana* formed a General Staff for planning under Yaacov Dori's command. In 1937 and 1938, this staff organisation prepared plans for the seizure of some parts of Palestine through military action.

The first plan was aimed at seizing about 1,790 square miles of the area of Palestine, namely the area in which there was a majority of Zionist settlers at that time. Implementation of this plan would have required a force of 43,000 men.

The second plan envisaged the seizure of the Galilee region as well as the abovementioned area, and it would have required 50,000 men to implement it.

On the basis of the results at which the planning staff arrived, the Zionists decided to expand colonisation operations so they would in the end be able to control wider areas of Palestine. They adopted a new policy whose fundamental core was to plant colonies in strategic locations near the borders of Lebanon, Syria and Transjordan, on important lines of communication or in positions that would enable the Zionists to control natural resources, vital utilities and industries of military or economic value. By the end of 1938, the Zionists had established 36 new settlements of that nature.

In September 1938 the Zionists managed to agree with the right-wing government which was then ruling Poland, on the purchase of a quantity of Polish weapons. Before the outbreak of the Second World War, 2,750 rifles, 225 machine guns,. 10,000 hand grenades and two million rounds of ammunition were smuggled from Poland to Palestine.

The Zionists expanded local arms manufacture so that in 1931 alone they manufactured 17,500 hand grenades, 16,000 rifle grenades and 2,800 kilograms of explosives.

They began to prepare their factories to manufacture three inch mortars and ammunition.

A split occurred in the Zionist movement's Executive as a result of the attitude adopted by the leader of the extreme right wing of the Zionist movement, Vladimir Jabotinsky, in the early 1920s. The cause of this split was Jabotinsky's call for action to set up a Zionist state openly, whereas most of the Zionist leaders preferred to conceal this long-term aim at that stage. This disagreement led to Jabotinsky's resignation from the Executive in 1922 and his founding of the Revisionist current within the Zionist movement under his leadership.

In 1923 the Revisionists established Betar youth organisation under the leadership of Eri Jabotinsky, the son of the new current's leader. Betar was one of the fascist youth movements that grew up in Europe in the 1920s and 1930s, such as the Hitler Youth in Germany and the Young Fascists in Italy.

The main centres for Betar were in Poland and Latvia. Its ideology and methods were fascist and based on the idea of a "chosen Jewish people" and efforts to set up a Zionist state that included Palestine and Jordan. The Revisionists used Betar as a structure for recruiting and training young Jews so that they would later join the Zionist terrorist organisations in Palestine. A large number of terrorist leaders graduated from Betar, including Menachem Begin, who subsequently became Zionist Prime Minister.

The Revisionists and Betar youth succeeded in infiltrating large numbers into *Hagana,* the terrorist organisation directed by Jabotinsky's rival, David Ben Gurion. In 1931, a conflict occurred within the *Hagana,* whose commander, Joseph Hecht, accused one of his officers, Abraham Tehomi, of collusion with Jabotinsky in an attempt to place *Hagana* under Revisionist control.

As a result, Tehomi broke away from *Hagana* with about 300 of his supporters in April 1933, to set up a new terrorist organisation named *Irgun Zvai Leuni.* Although a large number of his supporters were from Betar, Tehomi was not at that time a Revisionist. He remained independent of them for more than two years, until his material weakness forced him into co-operation with Jabotinsky.

In 1933, Jabotinsky waged a campaign against Ben Gurion's group, which ended with the defeat of the Revisionists in the elections at the 13th. Zionist Congress. During this campaign, one of Ben Gurion's prominent supporters, Haim Arlosoroff, was assassinated and Ben Gurion accused the Revisionists of carrying out this operation. The result was that Jabotinsky finally split away from the mainstream Zionist movement and set up the New Zionist Organisation in 1935.

After his defeat in the elections, Jabotinsky came to be in need of allies. In August 1933 he met with Tehomi and a number of leaders of other extreme rightist groups in the Zionist movement. This meeting led to an undertaking by the Revisionists and the Jewish State, Mizrahi and General Zionist parties to back the *Irgun.* In the period from 1933 to 1936, the number of the *Irgun*'s members rose to 2,000 and the organisation began smuggling arms and manufacturing them locally.

Following the outbreak of the 1936 revolt, *Hagana* and *Irgun* resorted to Terrorist methods against Palestinian civilians and to an extremist philosophy. This blurred the difference between them, in the military field at least. Tehomi began to call for the merging of the two organisations, and Jabotinsky saw in that an opportunity to introduce his men into the ranks of the Zionist police which the Mandate authorities had then set up and was under *Hagana* domination.

However, Ben Gurion insisted on the Revisionists being subject to his political control as a condition for military unification. Jabotinsky refused this condition, but Tehomi mutinied against Jabotinsky and returned to *Hagana* ranks in 1937. He took more than 35% of the *Irgun*'s men with him.

After that split, what remained of the *Irgun* became to all intents and purposes the military wing of the Revisionist party. In the wake of the reorganisation that resulted from these developments, the *Irgun* launched a widescale terrorist campaign which included shooting at Palestinian men, women and children indiscriminately and placing bombs in cinemas, buses and markets.

On 29 June 1938, the British Mandate authorities arrested a terrorist from the *Irgun* who had tried to put a bomb on a bus, and executed him. Subsequently, the *Irgun* began to conduct terrorist operations against the British as well.

Also in June 1938, David Raziel was appointed commander of the Irgun. He was more capable than any previous commander and managed to develop its terrorist methods and make it more effective.

After the publication of the British White Paper which placed limits on Zionist immigration to Palestine in 1939, the *Irgun*'s terrorist campaign against the British authorities escalated. Jabotinsky had reached agreements in 1936 and 1937 with the right-wing government in Poland at the time, whereby a large number of *Irgun* and *Betar* members were trained by the Polish Army and the *Irgun* was provided with quantities of weapons.

In August 1939, Jabotinsky planned to send his Polish-trained men to Palestine to carry out a military assault on strategic centres, including the Mandate government's headquarters in Jerusalem, and then to

announce a Zionist government in exile. However the outbreak of the Second World War in September 1939 prevented the implementation of this plan.

In the early part of September, the Mandate authorities detained all the members of the *Irgun* High Command, including David Raziel and Abraham Stern. It is worth mentioning that Stern was Jabolinsky's representative who concluded the arms agreement with the Polish government, and that he later became the founder of the Stern Gang.

A sharp disagreement occurred in *Irgun* ranks after the Second World War broke out, over the position to be adopted by this organisation on the war. A trend emerged, led by Abraham Stern, which called for open alliance with Nazi Germany against Britain in all fields, including the military field, while the other trend, led by Vladimir Jabotinsky, preferred a truce with Britain at that time.

The attitude of the latter, relatively "moderate", trend did not arise from the principle of opposing Nazism or of alliance with Britain. Rather it was opportunist, since Jabotinsky believed that *Irgun* did not have enough strength to confront the British Army at that time, particularly after the failure of its plot to land a number of Polish-trained *Irgun* terrorists and then the arrest of the members of the *Irgun* High Command.

In June 1940 the British authorities released the members of that High Command. After that, the split in the *Irgun* reached its climax, when Stern refused to obey the orders of the supreme commander David Raziel to halt terrorist operations against the British and continued his direct contacts with Nazi Germany.

Stern proposed the idea of a military alliance with Nazi Germany against Britain. He suggested that the *Irgun* conduct military operations against Britain and back the Nazis' attempts to evacuate Jews from Europe to Palestine,

in return for German military aid and Hitler's support for the establishment of a Zionist state there.

Stern and his supporters then broke away from the rest of the *Irgun* in September 1940, and set up a new terrorist organisation called "*Irgun Zvai Leumi in Israel*" or "the true Irgun". But this organisation, known generally by the name of the "Stern Gang", remained small and weak. Nazi Germany therefore did not attach importance to the idea of alliance with it, despite Stern's attempts to achieve such an alliance. In 1941 Stern sent his representative Nathan Friedman-Yellin to Syria, which was then occupied by the Vichy French forces collaborating with Nazism, to conduct discussions with Nazi representatives. But these discussions did not lead to any result worth mentioning.

In 1941 and 1942, the Stern Gang continued its terrorist operations, robberies and assassinations in Palestine. A large proportion of the victims of these operations were Jews who refused to support Stern. A terrorist war erupted between the Stern Gang and the British police in Palestine.

On 13 February 1942, Stern attempted to set up an ambush to kill two British police officers, Morton and Wilkin. However, this operation failed and led to Stern being killed. The British authorities then managed to detain 20 Stern Gang leaders the same year.

Nevertheless, Stern's supporters continued in their attempts to take revenge, and were able to murder Wilkin on 29 September 1944. On 1 November 1943, the detained Stern Gang leaders managed to escape from Latroun prison and set up a new organisation known as *Lehi,* to continue the terrorist work which Stern and begun. This organisation was led by three of Stern's former assistants, Friedman-Yellin, Yitzhak Yezronsky and Dr. Israel Scheib.

Yezronsky used to dress as a rabbi and be known as "Rabbi Yitzhak Shamir", to deceive the British Mandate

authorities. He was a ruthless extreme terrorist. After a British police lieutenant had arrested him in June 1946, the "Rabbi" revenged himself on this officer by arranging his murder two months later. "Shamir" later became "Israeli" Foreign Minister.

Lehi specialised in political assassinations and bank robberies. It believed in a fascist ideology which alleged that the Jews were a "superior form" of human being.

Among the most notorious terrorist operations which *Lehi* carried out was the assassination of British Minister of State Lord Moyne in Cairo on 6 November 1944, and of UN Mediator Count Bernadotte and his assistant Colonel Andre Serot on 17 September 1948 in Jerusalem.

Bernadotte had prepared a report for the United Nations, including proposals to end the 1948 war, before his assassination. It is known that the Zionist enemy was opposed to these proposals, which included the return of the Palestinian refugees to their homes and considering the Negev Arab territory. He was assassinated after an agreement had been concluded between *Lehi* and the official leaders of Zionism on co-operation and co-ordination between *Lehi* and *Hagana.*

The *Hagana* terrorist organisation began preparation to launch a widescale war against the British Mandate authorities in 1939, after the publication of the British White Paper which limited Jewish immigration to Palestine. Among the measures *Hagana* adopted at that stage was the development of the technical planning section under the High Command into a General Staff headed by Yaacov Dori.

In May 1939 the "Jewish Agency" registered the names of all Jewish men and women in Palestine aged 18-35, preparatory to conscripting them. Four local commands were established, for Jerusalem. the North, Centre and

South. Field forces and special units were formed in all parts of the country, to be subject to the orders of the local commands. The special units were responsible for terrorist operations against the Palestinian population, the Mandate authorities and Jews who did not feel allegiance to Zionism.

When the Second World War broke out, in spite of secret Zionist co-operation with Nazi Germany in several fields, the Zionist organisations began to call for the formation of a "Jewish Brigade", within the British Army but under the Zionist flag.

The Zionists aimed thereby to achieve a number of gains, among them military training at the hands of the British and the recognition of "Jewish nationality". As occurred in the First World War, the Zionists were playing a double game, or "running with the hare and hunting with the hounds," as the English proverb puts it.

The dissident Revisionists were co-operating with the majority led by Ben Gurion in the Zionist movement in the campaign for the formation of a "Jewish Brigade". Jabotinsky made a visit to the United States for this purpose in 1940. Whereas the World Zionist Organisation and the "Jewish Agency" presented specific proposals to the British government on the formation of a "Jewish Brigade", the Revisionists set up a committee in the United States headed by Hillel Kook, to conduct a propaganda campaign on this matter.

The British government agreed to accept Jewish volunteers in the British Army. However, formation of the "Jewish Brigade" as such did not come about until late 1944.

On 19 May 1941, *Hagana* formed its special strike force known as *Palmach,* with the help of British military intelligence which trained members of this force. The aim of the British in this was to use the *Palmach* to fight the Nazis

in the Middle East. However, *Palmach* did not take part in the North African campaign, and British assistance to it stopped after the defeat of the German Army at the battle of Alamein in 1942.

Palmach's strength initially consisted of six companies, each one made up of 120 men. Most of its men were trained terrorists who had served previously in the special units which carried out terrorist operations in the 1930s. Moshe Dayan and Yigal Allon were among its senior officers. After the ending of British assistance, *Palmach* men were distributed among the Zionist colonial settlements, which came to pay their wages and expenses in return for 14 days' work monthly per man on their farms.

In 1942 the Zionist movement adopted the Biltmore Programme which Ben Gurion proposed. This programme, which called for the establishment of a Zionist state and the formation of a Zionist army, is considered an important turning-point in the history of the Zionist movement, which from that time onwards exchanged its alliance with British colonialism for a new alliance with US imperialism.

Palmach's strength expanded in 1944 to include 1,500 men in 20 companies, including a naval and an air force unit of company strength each. *Hagana* had set up small secret cells in the Jewish communities in Cairo and Baghdad and sent wireless equipment and quantities of weapons to these cells. However, most Sephardic (Eastern) Jews refused to co-operate with Zionism at that time, because it was an alien racist ideology imported from Europe.

The number of the *Hagana*'s men reached almost 37,000, in addition to over 20,000 Jews resident in Palestine in British Army ranks. The Zionists were making great efforts at that time to expand their local arms industry and obtain arms from three main sources: the Vichy French forces in Syria, the previous battle grounds in North Africa like

Alamein and Tobruk, and by theft from British arsenals in Palestine. Jews in the ranks of the British Army played an important role in the latter context.

On 20 September 1944 the British government agreed to group together about 5,000 Jews in the British Army in a "Jewish Brigade", and despatched this force to Italy in November of that year. But the "Jewish Brigade" did not play a prominent role in fighting Nazism, because its prime concern was how to serve Zionism by obtaining weapons, smuggling them to Palestine and working for the Zionist intelligence apparatus.

In short, the Zionists exploited the opportunity of the Second World War to secure weapons and gain military expertise and good training, particularly in the fields of the air force, artillery, engineering, armour and naval forces, as well as intelligence work.

In spite of their claim to be Britain's allies in the war against Nazism, the Zionist *Irgun* launched a widescale terrorist war against the British in Palestine in 194, that is, a year before the end of the Second World War. In practical terms. this placed the *Irgun* in the camp of forces allied to Nazism.

It is worth noting that Menachem Begin had become the leader of the Irgun in 1943, when he reorganised that organisation to make it more effective, in preparation for its terrorist campaign against the British.

Begin is of Polish origin, and the Soviet authorities detained him for a while. However, they released him when he claimed that he wanted to join the Polish army led by General Anders to fight Nazism. But, after leaving the Soviet Union, Begin went to Palestine to fight Britain and then the Palestinian people. He did not take part in any battle against the Nazi forces, and evaded the duty of defending his country, Poland, from the Nazi invasion.

3. Zionist-Nazi Co-operation in the Intelligence Field

There was common ground on principles between "anti-Semitism" in Europe and the Zionist movement from the beginning, since the "anti-Semite" wants to get rid of the Jewish presence in European society, and the Zionist also is working for the same aim, so as to transfer the Jewish presence from Europe to Palestine.

This common ground governed all diplomatic activities conducted by the Zionist movement since its foundation in 1897. Its founder Theodor Herzl considered "anti-Semitism" a useful "propelling force" which would compel the Jews to emigrate from Europe to Palestine to achieve the colonising aims of Zionism. Herzl always allied himself with leading "anti-Semites" in Europe such as Wenzel von Plehve, the Interior Minister in czarist Russia.

After Herzl's death, the Zionist leader Chaim Weizmann followed the same policy, in that he allied himself with the British "anti-Semite" Lord Balfour, who led a campaign to prevent the entry of Russian Jews to Britain in 1905. When Balfour became Britain's Foreign Secretary, he found in Zionism a suitable way to rid Britain of the Jewish presence, as well as serving the interests of colonialism in general. So he issued the Balfour Declaration in 1917.

When the Nazi party led by Adolf Hitler came to power in Germany, the Zionists found in this a golden opportunity to carry out their plans. They began negotiations immediately with the Nazi government, and the two sides reached their first agreement in August 1933, that is less than eight months after Hitler came to power. This agreement specified facilities for the transfer of Jewish capital from Germany to Palestine.

Then the Zionist movement decided to expand its co-operation with Nazism in 1938, after Germany's

annexation of Austria. It sent two official envoys: the first, Pinhas Ginsberg, to Berlin, and the second, Moshe Bar-Gilad, to Vienna. Ginsberg signed a secret agreement with the Gestapo, and Bar-Gilad signed a similar agreement with Captain Adolf Eichmann, head of the Jewish Emigration Office in Vienna.

These two agreements provided for the training of Zionist youth in special camps in Germany and Austria at the hands of Nazi trainers, and then their travel to Palestine, where they would join the terrorist organisations there like the *Hagana* and *Irgun.* In return, the Zionist movement undertook to transfer the largest possible number of German and Austrian Jews to Palestine and bear all these emigrants' travel expenses. These two agreements remained in force until 1941.

Thus Nazi Germany helped to train the Zionist settlers in the methods of terrorism which they subsequently used to drive out the Palestinian people and seize their land.

After the Nazi occupation of a number of Eastern European countries, Zionist-Nazi co-operation expanded to include other fields, particularly that of intelligence, to combat the left-wing movements which were regarded as enemies of both Zionism and Nazism at the same time.

As the Polish Jewish historian Isaac Deutscher mentioned, most Jews in Eastern Europe at that time were opposed to Zionism, because of the spread of left-wing ideas in that region, such as Communism and the philosophy of the Socialist *Bund.* These Jews rejected the Zionist solution to the Jewish problem in Europe, namely emigration to Palestine, and preferred to remain in Europe to resist Nazism there. On the basis of common interests in combating a common enemy, the Zionist movement co-operated with the Nazi intelligence agencies to exterminate left-wing organisations and personalities

resisting the Nazi occupation and the Zionist concept.

When the Nazis occupied Vilno, the capital of Lithunia, they appointed a senior official of the Zionist Revisionist party called Jacob Gens as Chief of Police in the ghetto there. Later they appointed him Chief of Police for all the ghettos in the greater Vilno region, and appointed another Revisionist Party official named Salek Desler his assistant.

Itzik Witenberg, a Jewish Communist, was leading the Jewish resistance movement in Vilno at that time. He was known for his patriotism and his strong hostility to the Nazi occupation. Jacob Gens managed in the end to seize Witenberg and hand him over to the Gestapo, who executed him. The Zionists were able to infiltrate the ranks of the resistance, and appointed a Zionist *Mapam* party official called Abba Kovner as leader of the resistance after Witenberg's martyrdom. Kovner then agreed with the Nazis to deliver members of the resistance to the Nazi authorities in return for the Zionists in Vilno being allowed to emigrate to Palestine.

Likewise, the Nazis appointed Abraham Gancwajch Chief of Police in the Warsaw ghetto. Cancwajch was also a *Mapam* party leader and a Gestapo agent. He used to give the Gestapo a weekly report every Tuesday on the activities of the resistance, as well as suggestions on measures that could be adopted to curb then. Gancwajch enlisted a large number of Zionists in the ranks of the police force which he commanded. and tried to eliminate the resistance by a variety of means.

In spite of the activities of Zionists like Gancwajch, who betrayed the interests of the masses of the European Jews, the Jews in Warsaw managed to stage an uprising on 18 April 1943. This uprising lasted several months and led to the deaths of a large number of Nazi occupation troops. The Polish Communist Party provided the Jewish resistance in

the ghetto with smuggled weapons.

Even in the concentration camps and extermination centres, the Nazis constantly appointed Zionist officials as guards to supervise the torture and extermination of fellow-Jews. Among these was Eliezer Greenbaun, son of the senior Zionist leader Yitzhak Greenbaum, who was in charge of the guards at Auschwitz.

In Hungary, a Zionist official named Samuel Springmann was in contact with Nazi military intelligence, the Abwehr. This led to a close relationship in the exchange of information between the two sides. This relationship continued until 1944, that is, around the end of the Second World War.

The senior Zionist official in Budapest, Rudolf Kastner, whose assistant Springmann was, concluded an agreement with Adolf Eichmann, who had been promoted to Colonel. Under this agreement, Kastner was able to take more than 600 prominent Zionists out of Hungary, in return for his silence about the fate of the remaining Hungarian Jews, whom the Nazi authorities exterminated.

It is worth noting that the Jews whom Nazism exterminated were, in their great majority, from the countries of Eastern Europe. That is, they were from left-wing movements like the Communist Party, or did not owe allegiance to Zionism. Through its co-operation with the Nazis, the Zionist movement was able to destroy most members of the progressive trends which competed with it in Jewish circles. Thus Zionism was able to control what remained of the Jewish communities in Europe after the Second World War, without facing any opposition to speak of, since its opponents had been turned to ashes in the furnaces of the Nazi concentration camps.

4. Zionism and White Racism in Africa

The relations between the Zionist movement and Nazi Germany were built on the basis of common interests and ideological agreement between the two sides. The Zionist movement found similar common ground with a number of other quarters among reactionary and racist parties, forces and regimes, particularly the white racists' state in South Africa which resembles "Israel" in many respects. Apart from racial discrimination, which constitutes the basis of laws of these two states, they are both established on a colonial settler population base which seized the land of the original inhabitants and is exploiting them as a cheap labour force in the service of imperialist hegemony over the Arab World and Africa. This common ground has been embodied in close co-operation between the two racist entitites, particularly in the development of nuclear weapons and the co-ordination of espionage operations and repression against liberation movements.

From the first days of the growth of the Zionist movement, imperialism wanted this movement to play a special role in striking at liberation movements in Africa. The founder of the Zionist movement, Theodor Herzl, held discussions with the colonial powers in order to secure a land for a "Jewish national home" in Uganda, Mozambique, Libya or Zaire.

However, these discussions led to no result since the Zionist movement insisted in the end on the land which enjoyed the most important strategic location in the world at the crossroads of three continents, Europe, Asia and Africa, namely Palestine. However, that has not prevented the Zionist state from playing an important role in the service of imperialism in Africa since it was established in 1948.

Relations between the Zionist movement and the white settlers in Africa began in 1906 when Herzl's successor, the Zionist leader Wolffsohn, paid a visit to South Africa. Zionism spread rapidly among Jewish white settlers there.

An extremely close friendship then grew up before the establishment of the Zionist state between the leader who later became its first President, Chaim Weizmann, and the Prime Minister of the racist entity in South Africa, Field Marshal Jan Smuts. The white state of South Africa was one of the first states which recognised the Zionist state and provided it with military help in the 1948 war.

After the death of Smuts, Dr. Malan, one of the leaders of the Nazi *Broederbond* organisation, became Prime Minister of South Africa. He declared his wish to co-operate with the Jews of South Africa in order to preserve the unity of white ranks against the blacks. The Jews then constituted about 15% of the white inhabitants of Johannesberg. The number of the Jewish community reached 120,000 people in 1950, and the overwhelming majority of them belonged to the Zionist movement.

The Zionist entity's first Foreign Minister, Moshe Sharett, paid a visit to South Africa in 1950. Then Dr. Malan visited the Zionist entity in 1953. From that time onwards, trade relations developed between the two racist entities, particularly in the diamond trade, in that raw diamonds are exported from South Africa to occupied Palestine, to be cut and polished there, and then re-exported to Europe and America.

Naturally, after the growth of these close relations between the two racist states, the Zionist organisations in South Africa became among the most vehement supporters of the system of racial discrimination and oppression of the black people there. When the trial of Nelson Mandela and other African National Congress leaders took place, the

Public Prosecutor was a Zionist leader called Dr. Percy Bonnard.

Relations between the two racist entities developed in various fields, including co-operation between Israeli intelligence services and BOSS, the Bureau of State Security, as South Africa's secret police used to be called, to combat revolutionary movements. There is also co-operation in the development of nuclear weapons between the two racist states.

In the June 1967 war, the racist entity in South Africa sent pilots and other volunteers to join the ranks of the Zionist armed forces, as well as $28 million of financial and. The Zionist entity constantly offers South Africa expertise in the military field to improve its armed forces' methods in suppressing the struggle of the oppressed black people, the victims of white racism.

The Zionist entity did not confine itself to these relations with the racist state of South Africa, but expanded the scope of its plots in Africa to cover most regions in the continent. For example, as the British newspaper *The Observer* on 25 May 1961 revealed, the Zionist entity supplied Portuguese colonialism with Uzi submachine guns to fight the liberation movements in Angola, Mozambique and Guinea-Bissau. The Jewish writer Nathan Weinstock revealed that Tschombe's secessionist movement was supplied with Uzi submachine guns also, during the Congo war of the 1960s.

The African writer Tom Tettegah, in a booklet on "Israeli" Intelligence in Africa, mentioned that the Zionist entity played the role of intermediary in the sale of 700 used tanks from NATO to South Africa and Rhodesia in 1968, and that it concluded a secret agreement the same year with US President Lyndon Johnson, whereby Rhodesian pilots would be trained by the "Israeli" Air

Force, in return for the Zionist entity being supplied with Phantom aircraft.

Tettegah, a well-known writer from Ghana, added that the Zionist entity managed to infiltrate a number of African states through its embassies and so-called "economic aid" programmes to African countries. Tettegah affirmed that the Zionist secret police *Shin Bet* managed to place a number of its agents in these states. By the end of 1936, the number of these agents reached 266 in Ghana, 140 in Ethiopia, 82 in Tanzania, 72 in Liberia, 68 in Nigeria, 55 in the Ivory Coast, 48 in Mali, 45 in the Central African Republic, 37 in Togo, 36 in the Congo (now Zaire), 35 in Cameroun, 21 in Niger and 18 in each of Kenya and Uganda.

Tettegah stressed that the role of these agents was to prepare plots and right-wing coups to be carried out by the American CIA in co-operation with Zionist intelligence.

In order to strengthen right-wing regimes in Africa, the Zionist entity trained officers in some African states, particularly officers from the forces of Mobutu's regime in Zaire.

Zionist intelligence continuously helped US intelligence to organise coups and secessionist movements (like those of Biafra in Nigeria and Anya Nya in Southern Sudan) until 1973, when most African states came to realise the truth about the Zionist menace in their continent and broke off diplomatic relations with the Zionist entity.

5. The Zionist Enemy's Nuclear Weapons

It has been known for a number of years that the Zionist enemy possesses a number of nuclear bombs and has acquired the necessary expertise to make these weapons, by means of Jewish agents who studied and worked in Western countries, from the CIA and through co-operation agreements in this field with France and South Africa.

The Zionist writer N. Lau-Lavie, in his biography of Moshe Dayan, stated that Dayan visited the United States in July 1954. This visit included an inspection tour of American military installations and discussions with senior officers in the US Army, including the Chief of Staff General Matthew Ridgway. In one military base, Dayan learnt how to use a nuclear cannon and came to know other secrets related to methods of nuclear warfare.

In 1968, the Zionists managed to obtain 200 tons of uranium oxide through an operation of which the world knew nothing until nine years later. The details of this operation reamained obscure until the British newspaper *The Sunday Times* published its investigation on 25 June 1978.

The newspaper revealed that "Israeli" intelligence in 1964 contacted a former Nazi officer who had served in the German Air Force in the Second World War, named Herbert Schulzen. Schulzen had established a company called *Asmara* for chemical products in Wiesbaden in 1952. This company began supplying US forces in West Germany with chemicals for military purposes in the early 1960s.

Schulzen paid a visit to the Zionist entity in 1964 at the invitation of "Israeli" intelligence. After that, Zionist establishments started to purchase chemicals from his company. Schulzen signed his first deal with the Zionist army in 1967.

Then, in early 1968, the Zionists entrusted him with a special mission, to help them obtain 200 tons of uranium oxide. Schulzen presented his request to purchase this substance from the Société Générale des Minerais in Brussels in March that year.

The Societe Generale had a special relationship with Union Miniere, the Belgian company which exploited the wealth of the Congo (now Zaire). At that time, this company had a large quantity of uranium oxide which it had extracted from the Congo during the Belgian occupation of that country.

To justify his request, Schulzen claimed that he needed uranium oxide as a corrosive agent for the manufacture of petrochemicals, and that he intended to ship the uranium oxide to Morocco, where a Moroccan company, Chimagar, would process it, and then it would be reshipped to West Germany. There had been a relationship between Chimagar and Schulzen's company some time before, but this relationship had ended before then.

Schulzen intended to ship the uranium oxide directly from Europe to Palestine, and he chose to use the name of a Moroccan company so that, if it became known that the uranium had disappeared, the world would suspect the Arab side of this operation. But the Société Générale des Minerais informed him that he would need special permission from the European Common Market's Euratom agency, which is responsible for nuclear industries in EEC countries, if he wished to export uranium oxide outside the EEC.

Therefore he agreed with the Italian company SAICA that the latter would process the uranium in Milan. Then Zionist intelligence established the "Biscayne Traders Shipping Corporation" in Zurich, and appointed a person named Barham Barisal Chairman of this company. *The Sunday Times* discovered that Barisal had been born in

Turkey on 28 August 1919 and had been an arms dealer in Ethiopia after the Second World War, when he had provided the Zionist groups with arms before the 1948 war. Barisal lived in Egypt for a while in the days of King Farouk. The newspaper added that he also played a role in supplying the right-wing forces with weapons during the civil war in Lebanon.

Five weeks after the Biscayne shipping company was established, it purchased a ship named the *Scheersberg* for £160,000 sterling. Euratom did not object to the transportation of the uranium oxide from Belgium to Italy by sea.

However the *Scheersberg,* loaded with 200 tons of uranium oxide, did not reach Italy. The ship sailed from Belgium's Antwerp harbour on 17 November 1968, and then vanished. It left no official trace of its voyage between that date and 2 December 1968, when it arrived at Iskanderun after transferring its cargo at sea to another ship which transported the uranium oxide to occupied Palestine.

The Sunday Times confirmed that the uranium oxide was later converted into plutonium for use in nuclear weapons in the nuclear reactor which the Zionist enemy had built at "Dimona" with help from France.

Euratom did not discover the disappearance of the uranium until seven months after its occurrence. After investigations by the European states concerned, the relevant authorities in these states decided to suppress the truth, so that their impotence would not be revealed to public opinion. The world only came to know of this matter as a result of a discussion between an employee of Euratom and an American lawyer on the danger of the proliferation of nuclear weapons. The employee mentioned what had happened to the uranium oxide, and then this information was leaked through the lawyer.

The Zionist enemy continued to deny its role in this matter for a long time. However, information on the Zionist programme for manufacturing nuclear weapons began to accumulate. The Zionist enemy carried out its first nuclear test in co-operation with South Africa at sea south of Capetown on 22 September 1979, thus proving that it was manufacturing nuclear weapons. An American satellite detected the flash of this explosion. However, the US authorities attempted to ignore this event in terms of information, despite their official policy of combating nuclear proliferation.

The Soviet news agency Tass, on 11 May 1981, reported that the Zionist entity and the racist regime in South Africa were co-operating to manufacture nuclear submarines at Simonstown naval base, under an agreement signed by the former Zionist Defence Minister Ezer Weizman.

PART TWO

ZIONIST INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES AT THE PRESENT TIME

1. General

Nations and states at all stages of human history have conducted espionage against their enemies for security reasons. In our modern world, espionage has become astonishingly widespread and assumes diverse forms from peeping through a hole in the wall to skilled technical operations.

The activities of intelligence services like the US Central Intelligence Agency, the Soviet intelligence servivice KGB, the British MI-6 and others are regarded as of the traditional espionage variety.

However, one of the most active intelligence establishments in the world, Mossad, camouflages itself carefully and is extremely cunning and treacherous.

Mossad is the present Zionist espionage centre, and its activities merit great attention for several reasons. Above all they go beyond the bounds of normal intelligence operations to a great extent, since Mossad is an instrument of the World Zionist Organisation and operates in dozens of countries of the world. The activities of Mossad are aimed at strengthening and expanding the "Israeli" state which, according to Zionist theory, must be "the torchbearer of the nations" and become the intellect and will of the world as a whole. By exploiting Jewish communities in the world without qualms of conscience, Mossad infiltrates political, economic and social life in many countries.

Mossad takes advantage of the differences between East and West, between North and South, liberals and conservatives, whites and blacks to exploit conflicts and quarrels between nations, so as to benefit from the losses of all sides in these conflicts.

Mossad is not merely the "Israeli" intelligence service, it is also one of the most treacherous criminal terrotist

organisations. The espionage, terrorist and sabotage activities of Mossad in various parts of the world have assumed such an alarming scale that they now constitute a real threat to the stability and security of the world.

The origins of Mossad go back to the institution of Shai mentioned above. Although it was a weak establishment in 1937, it was a well-organised service which operated mainly in shipping arms and arranging Jewish mass migration to Palestine.

The first Zionist Prime Minister, David Ben Gurion, became the godfather of Mossad in its character of Zionist government intelligence service. In accordance with his orders all the Zionist espionage and terrorist organisations, including Shai, other sections of Haganah and the specialised services of the Stern Gang and Irgun, were merged to form a unified espionage establishment.

Mossad is now regarded as one of the most cunning amoral intelligence services in the world. Several quasi-independent subsidiary organisations operate under its supervision, to carry out terrorist acts according to its orders.

It uses a special safe, two of whose keys are kept by the Director of Mossad alone, while each of his two deputies keeps one of the other two keys, so that they can only open the safe together, in order to preserve a thin grey file, among other things. This file contains a few thin pieces of white paper. Each sheet bears a special seal on its upper right-hand edge, namely "Z-1". It is the "death list". Several years ago a former "Israeli" agent, who now lives in hiding in Western Europe under an assumed name, managed by chance to take a look at this sinister list, and remembered the names written on it. In addition to the late President Jamal Abdul Nasser, naturally, it included some strange names: Mulla Mustafa Barzani, possibly before he came to

work for the US Central Intelligence Agency, the Nazi Adolf Eichmann whom the Zionists wished to silence for fear that he would reveal secrets about Nazi-Zionist co-operation during the Second World War, another Nazi named Franz Rademacher, and a right-wing German leader called Hinrich Kuntsman, possibly for the same reason.

As far as the late President Nasser is concerned, the circumstances of his death are still extremely mysterious, as there is information to indicate that a physician named Dr. Jamal Al Utaifi, who was working for Israeli intelligence, succeeded in poisoning him by means of a special ointment invented by the US Central Intelligence Agency which stops the functions of the heart. Some former prisoners who were with Dr. Al Utaifi inTurra prison in Egypt say that he admitted to them about his role in this conspiracy, after he had been imprisoned on a charge of espionage. Among the other strange facts which suggest that the late President Nasser's death was not a natural one were Sadat's eagerness that a great number of doctors should sign Nasser's death certificate to the effect that it was a natural death following a severe heart attack, and the mysterious circumstances surrounding the death of Dr. Al Mufti, who examined President Nasser a few minutes before he died, and then died in turn to take his secret to the grave. A former CIA employee, Wilbur Crane Eveland, in his book *Ropes of Sand,* declared that then CIA Director Allen Dulles had planned to assassinate President Nasser in co-operation with British intelligence in 1956.

Mulla Mustafa Barzani died in the United States, possibly from natural causes, and possibly from quasi-natural causes, namely poison. The Zionists managed to kidnap Eichmann and kill him. As for Rademacher and Kuntsman, they also died under mysterious circumstances.

The murder of people whom "Israel" finds undesirable

and considers its enemies is Mossad's main task. The following is a list of a few examples of "special operations" carried out by Mossad in recent years:

1972 – The assassination of Ghassan Kanafani, spokesman of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, by means of an explosive device in his car in Beirut. Wael Zuaiter, a diplomat who worked with the Palestinian Resistance, was assassinated in Rome.

1973 – The assassination of Mahmoud Hamshari, PLO representative in Paris. Muhammad Boudia, an Algeridan working with the Palestinian Resistance, was killed by a bomb exploded in his car by radio control. Basil Kubaisy of the Popular Front was murdered in Paris. "Tourists" from Western Europe working for Mossad killed several Palestinians in Beirut, among them Kamal Nasser, a PLO spokesman, Kamal Adwan and Muhammad Yusuf Najjar (Abu Yusuf), also PLO officials.

1974 – Zionist intelligence murdered Ahmad Bouchikhi, a Moroccan waiter in a restaurant in Norway, who the enemy mistakenly believed was an official in the Resistance.

1975 – There was an attempt to blow up the Solidarité Franco-Arabe office in Paris. That year and the following year, fires were caused in two bookshops in Rue St. Victor in Paris.

1977 – The assassination of Mahmoud Salih, a PLO militant. A bomb exploded in a bookshop in Rue de Reunion in Paris. All the bookshops thus attacked sold material favourable to the Arab cause.

1978 – The assassination of Said Hammami, the PLO representative in London. He was shot dead in his office. It later became apparent that Mossad organised this murder in co-operation with another intelligence service. The same year Henri Curiel, who was of Jewish origin and one of the pioneers of the Egyptian Communist Party, died in Paris.

Informed sources affirm that Mossad men were also behind his death.

1979 – Mossad assassinated Ali Hassan Salama, Fatah security official, in Beirut, as well as two PLO members, Abu Safwat and Samir Touqan, in Cyprus.

1981 – Zionist intelligence assassinated Naim Khader, PLO representative in Brussels, and then tried to cast suspicion on "dissident Palestinians co-operating with Syria", hoping to stir up differences between the Palestinian Revolution and Syria. However it was clear that the Zionist enemy alone had the motive for committing this crime, in view of Naim Khader's ability in explaining the Palestinian cause objectively and convincingly to European public opinion.

This list is not complete. It could also include dozens of Jews who lost their lives in Western Europe or North America for one reason only: that they refused to remain in contact with the Zionist entity. This list also does not include the names of Mossad's many victims in various parts of the world who disappeared without leaving any trace at all. For example, some mutilated corpses were found in Vienna. Nothing was known of them except that they were the bodies of Jews who had fled from one of the countries of the Socialist bloc and refused to continue their journey to "Israel". Their true identities and names are still unknown.

The number of Mossad's operatives is relatively small, but it has a wide network of hired informers who are skilfully camouflaged. It is helped by secret agents who have joined numerous Zionist organisations in the United States, Great Britain, West Germany, Belgium, the Netherlands and some other countries.

Mossad resorts to the services of members of Jewish communities throughout the world, and has no qualms

about arranging meetings between its secret agents and informers even in synagogues. A refusal to co-operate with the "Israeli" intelligence services may lead to extremely unpleasant results for any Jew outside the Zionist entity. At best he may receive some threatening or humiliating letters, or a telephone call in the middle of the night in which an unfriendly voice threatens to "unscrew his head", or even one of the windows of his house may be broken with a stone. At worst, he may be pushed from the pavement under the wheels of speeding cars, or he may be invited to a formal dinner, and on returning home find difficulty in breathing and die suddenly of a heart attack.

Mossad has its paid informers in the US Central Intelligence Agency as well as the intelligence services of Great Britain, South Africa, West Germany, Brazil, Italy and even Japan. Mossad agents are very clever at exploiting the fierce competition between the CIA and the Soviet KGB, or even between different services within the same bloc like the British and West German intelligence services, for instance.

Mossad uses even the smallest and hardly visible piece of protruding stone, if it needs to scale a wall, and skilfully exploits its asset, namely the population of the Zionist entity composed of immigrants assembled from 75 countries. It has people who speak several languages, and who can easily forge Deutschmarks, Italian lire or US dollars, who know several cities in the Middle East intimately and, depending on circumstances, can pose as snake charmers, former Gestapo officers or bedouins. All these are professional criminals and adventurers. Numerous "Israelis" still preserve links of friendship or widescale contacts in the upper classes of their countries of origin. Some of their friends in the United States, Western Europe or even in countries of the Socialist bloc occupy sensitive

government posts. Mossad takes advantage of all this in an extremely cunning and precise manner. In the tradition of Admiral Canaris, the head of Nazi intelligence (Abwehr), Mossad's chief General Yitzhak Hoffi is very fond of stressing repeatedly to his subordinates: "Remember, there are no outcasts, there are potential agents. Even the most miserable beggar may be a useful informer in some circumstances."

Within Mossad, there is a highly secret department in which detailed files are kept on several prominent political and public figures in the Zionist entity, as well as the leaders of Zionist and Jewish organisations outside it.

In these files are detailed descriptions of the life histories of former Prime Ministers David Ben Gurion, Golda Meir and Yitzhak Rabin, former ministers like Moshe Dayan and Yigal Allon, Generals Haim Barlev, Ariel Sharon, Mordechai Gur and Shmuel Gonen, Admiral B. Telem, as well as files on Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren, Chief Rabbi Piron and extensive information on the political activities of prominent Zionist leaders like Nahum Goldman, J. Korn, J. Miller, Joseph Sternstein, A. Mulger, A. Winter and others. There are also files on every politician who is at all prominent in many countries of the world.

Mossad's chief General Yitzhak Hoffi demands that his operatives and agents carry out every assignment to the letter. Among the tests newly-enlisted Mossad officers must pass is to shoot at pictures of their wives at the order of a senior officer, who says: "Here is the enemy! Shoot! " The officer who fires immediately without hesitation is considered among the best.

2. The Structure of Zionist Intelligence

The merging of the intelligence services of the Zionist terrorist organisations on the orders of Ben Gurion occurred in 1948 after the Zionist state was declared. On 30 June 1948, the new intelligence service was divided into the three following departments:

1) Military Intelligence (Aman),
2) Internal Investigations (Shin Bet),
3) The Political Department in the Foreign Ministry.

The Political Department in the Foreign Ministry, which was responsible for collecting information from embassies abroad, was incorporated into a central intelligence service in 1951, and Reuben Shiloah was appointed head of this new body. The first chief of Military Intelligence, Isser Beeri, was dismissed as a result of several scandals arising from his use of his prerogatives in internal Zionist conflicts. Haim Herzog was appointed his successor as head of Military Intelligence. Shin Bet remained under the direction of its first chief, Isser Harel.

In 1953, Ben-Gurion issued a decision reorganising Zionist intelligence and formed a co-ordinating committee grouping all its branches, whose head would be directly responsible to the Prime Minister. As a result, the intelligence and investigation services were divided into the following five directorates:

1) Mossad, the central intelligence and security service,
2) Military Intelligence,
3) The Research Section in the Foreign Ministry,
4) The Special Assignments and Investigations Section in the Police Ministry,
5) Internal Investigations.

Isser Harel was appointed head of the co-ordinating committee. His period of office was marked by fierce competition between himself and the Director of Military

Intelligence, Colonel Benjamin Gibli. This competition was decided in Harel's favour after Military Intelligence became subject to the authority of the Defence Ministry. Pinhas Lavon was Defence Minister at that time, and Military Intelligence carried out an unsuccessful operation when the role of some of its agents was exposed in an attempt to sabotage Egyptian-American relations by placing explosive devices in American targets in Egypt. As a result of Gibli's dismissal from his post following this scandal, Harel managed to strengthen the role of Mossad in strategic intelligence operations, all of which he wanted Mossad to carry out, whereas Military Intelligence was also supposed to take part in them. Military Intelligence became subject to the control of Mossad in its secret special operations. After a short while, Colonel Yehoshafat Harkabi was appointed head of Military Intelligence, and he established a relationship of co-operation with Harel.

In 1960, General Meir Amit was appointed chief of Mossad after serving in the post of head of Military Intelligence for a time. He was succeeded as head of Military Intelligence by Colonel Aharon Yariv. Amit's period in office was marked by a tangible improvement in the standard of Zionist intelligence, in that it managed to plant a number of its agents like Eli Cohen and Wolfgang Lotz in some Arab countries, and collect important information which played a key role in the 1967 war. General Amit continued as head of Mossad until 1968, when he resigned in accordance with a rule requiring the resignation of the head of Mossad after two four-year periods in that post.

When Amit resigned, General Zvi Zamir was appointed head of the co-ordinating committee. As a result of the military situation, namely the intensification of Palestinian Resistance operations and Egypt's conduct of the war of attrition, the role of Military Intelligence predominated over

that of other services. Zamir concentrated his efforts on raising the standard of Zionist intelligence through measures like the appointment of university graduates, the rejection of "Israelis" with criminal records (a criterion not observed now) and the use of modern methods like aerial photography and electronic equipment. Zamir also worked to combat clandestine Palestinian Resistance activity in the occupied territories.

After the escalation of Palestinian Resistance activities in the exterior, particularly the Munich operation carried out by Black September in 1972, the enemy Prime Minister Golda Meir appointed Brigadier Aharon Yariv her adviser on special operations, with authority to supervise all the intelligence services. As a result, there was a concentration on combating Palestinian Resistance activities, particularly through terrorist operations to assassinate prominent Resistance militants, although Military Intelligence up to that time was still more powerful than all the other Zionist intelligence services.

As a result of the October 1973 war, the intelligence services were accused of inadequacy in assessing information. The Agranat Committee held Military Intelligence chiefly responsible for this inadequacy. In accordance with a suggestion by this committee, the enemy's government strengthened the Research Section in the Foreign Ministry "by organising it as an independent body", and formed an evaluation board within Mossad to assess the information this service collected. Among the Agranat Committee's other recommendations was the appointment of an adviser attached to the Prime Minister who would enjoy wider powers than before, including the evaluation of intelligence with the help of a small high-level committee, to enable the Prime Minister "to conduct an independent political stragetic intelligence assessment, on

the basis of the material available to the various information-gathering bodies," as Nizar Ammar put it. However, the enemy's government did not adopt this suggestion. The aim of these two proposals was to create services which could assess intelligence information separately from the military establishment's considerations and in an independent fashion.

On the basis of the abovementioned information, we may say that Mossad developed from Shai, the Haganah intelligence service, as well as from elements of the intelligence services of other Zionist terrorist organisations with their expertise and experience. This service crystallised under its current name in 1953, when Ben-Gurion reorganised the intelligence services. Mossad assumed the following main tasks:

1) Espionage in all countries outside the Zionist entity to gather political, military, economic and social information;

2) The collection of information from open sources like newspapers and academic studies;

3) The assessment of the situation of the Arab countries from the political and economic angles and the presentation of proposals to exploit this situation;

4) Training operatives and agents in the techniques of clandestine and sabotage operations, and the implementation of these operations. This training is conducted at Mossad HQ in Haifa. With the development of the conflict between the Zionist entity and the Arab nation, particularly the Palestinian Resistance, the importance of this aspect of Mossad's activities increased.

It has become customary for the Mossad chief to head the co-ordinating committee known as the Higher Committee for Security Services. Mossad benefits from the experience of a number of its employees who in the past

worked in the intelligence services of various Western states. Mossad's activities are subject to the direct authority of the Prime Minister's office.

Of the enemy's other departments operating in the intelligence field, the most important after Mossad is Military Intelligence, known as Aman. This department has services in the land, air and naval forces as well as a counter-espionage apparatus. Among Aman's specialisations are the collection of secret information on the Palestinian Resistance and the Arab armed forces, on occassions through special operations to seize documents or military equipment, the evaluation of the balance of forces and intentions of the Arab states and their combat ability, the supervision of secret information related to arms deals, preservation of the secrets of the enemy's armed forces in general, direction of the work of military attaches and surveillance of the Arab inhabitants in the occupied territories. This department is under direct command of the general staff. It uses modern equipment and methods, including wireless monitoring, aerial photography and the establishment of an effective early warning system.

As well as directing the espionage activities of "Israeli" embassies abroad, the Political Research Department of the Foreign Ministry also works inside "Israel" to recruit foreign diplomats and journalists. Among the tasks of this department is the collection of secret information and the establishment of links with political forces through the enemy's embassies abroad and the preparation of a weekly report for the co-ordination committee on the international political situation and international relations. This department also concerns itself with international conferences and how to influence them, and the likely reactions to any action the Zionist enemy intends to carry out.

The task of preserving the Zionist entity's internal security has been assigned to the service known as Shabakh, Sherut Bitakhon or Shin Bet. It is in fact an internal secret police apparatus, and its activities are concentrated on surveillance of Palestinian citizens in the occupied territories, particularly those connected with the Resistance, as well as progressive Jews who do not support Zionist racist principles, new Jewish immigrants and foreign visitors, and on detecting intelligence networks of the Arab states. In order to keep a watch on Palestinian citizens, Shin Bet keeps files on all Palestinians in the occupied homeland, in which their activities and attitudes are recorded. It also watches all hotels, harbours, post and telephone offices and universities. This department has a detective branch which carries out individual and mass arrests and the interrogation of detainees.

There is also an apparatus under the Ministry of Immigration called the "Jews of the Diaspora" section, which follows the situations of the Jews in various countries of the world and recruits a number of them to gather information on the states where they reside, as well as encouraging Jews to migrate to Palestine.

The Zionist intelligence establishment, with its abovementioned branches, constitutes an integrated unit which the Palestinian Resistance and other liberation forces in the world must take into consideration as a whole. Military Intelligence (Aman) works to find out information which enables the Zionist forces to strike at the Resistance's bases, for example, while Shin Bet works at espionage against any political activity of the Resistance among the masses of the occupied territory. However, Mossad's activities are directed in particular against the Palestinian Resistance, at most times to the exclusion of all others, through terrorist acts to assassinate members of the

Palestinian leadership, Palestinian intellectuals and supporters of the Palestinian cause from other nationalities. In other words, it may be said that Mossad is the terrorist apparatus of the Zionist state against the Palestinian people and their sympathisers.

To achieve its terrorist aims, Mossad has formed a number of subsidiary organisations which carry out terrorist actions at Mossad's orders in a way that enables the Zionist leadership to deny its responsibility for these operations. Among these subsidiary organisations is the "Wrath of God", for example, which takes its orders directly from Mossad headquarters, as was mentioned in the book by Richard Deacon, the pro-Zionist British writer, entitled The *Israeli Secret Service.* Likewise, a group of Mossad agents formed a quasi-independent organisation called the "Fight against External Terror", which is regarded as exceptionally dangerous. It is commanded by Abraham Aman, who was recently promoted to the rank of General and enjoys the personal confidence of Prime Minister Menachem Begin. General Aman commands a small band of fighters who are highly mobile. The members of this group, who pretend to be Arabs and resemble them in appearance, carry out terrorist acts in various parts of the world. The Zionist leadership relies on General Aman if someone has to die of "cancer" or a "heart attack" or in a "car accident", since General Aman is an expert at arranging for him to be killed in a way that will make it appear to be death from natural causes. The "Fight against External Terror" enjoys wide powers and can, where necessary, recruit any criminal, such as a rapist for example, who was sentenced to imprisonment in any prison in "Israel". In most instances this scum carries out the dirtiest operations, under the direction and supervision of General Aman's people.

3. Some Alliances of Zionist Intelligence

Zionist intelligence forms a part of the international imperialist-racist alliance, and therefore works in co-ordination with a number of intelligence and repressive services in countries which belong to this alliance. At the head of these services is the US Central Intelligence Agency Other services which co-operate with Mossad include those of NATO countries such as West German and British intelligence or the Turkish secret police (MET), the secret police of the racist regime in South Africa and the secret police services of some reactionary Arab regimes like the monarchy in Morocco.

The co-ordinating committees between Zionist intelligence and other intelligence services are considered one of the most important sources of external information which reaches the Zionist enemy. The enemy's intelligence has concluded information exchange agreements with the US Central Intelligence Agency since the beginning of military co-ordination agreements between the two states. Zionist intelligence has also established similar relations covering co-ordination and the exchange of information with NATO military headquarters, and the enemy exploits this relationship to gather information on weapons possessed by the Arab states and their military situation in general. The enemy has also concluded separate agreements with some Western European states to combat the Palestinian Resistance.

Its relationship with specialised agencies in the United States and NATO countries has enabled Zionist intelligence to benefit from sophisticated technological means of espionage like artificial satellites, which the Zionist economy cannot afford. As well as information obtained by "Israeli" Air Force reconnaissance flights, the enemy

regularly receives information which the United States obtains from its artificial satellites and advanced aircraft like the AWACS. This information concerns the positions of Palestinian and Lebanese forces in Lebanon and the kinds of weapons in their possession such as tanks, SAM missiles, etc., as well as other matters of interest to the enemy.

In return, Zionist intelligence provides services to the United States in espionage against other countries and in arranging coups d'état and sectarian, ethnic or tribal conflicts, smuggling weapons to secessionist movements and other operations aimed at destabilisation. Several African states have been exposed to such plots, as mentioned above.

Zionist intelligence also strives to recruit the largest possible number of employees of international organisations, so as to take advantage of their wide contacts, their ability to move around and the trust they enjoy in various countries of the world.

The Zionist ideology alleges that the Jews constitute a special breed of people who differ from the rest of the human race, and that they must be separated from the rest of human society in their own state. In this, Zionism agrees with the right-wing theory known as "anti-Semitism", and the Zionist movement generally co-operates with right-wing movements which adopt this theory and conduct campaigns to stir up hatred against Jews living outside the Zionist entity, particularly in the European and Latin American countries. The Zionist movement makes a double gain from these campaigns. On the one hand, hate campaigns force more Jews to migrate to the Zionist entity to swell its manpower, and on the other hand the Zionist movement wins humanitarian sympathy by claiming that it provides a refuge for persecuted Jews. To secure these gains, the Zionist information media conduct propaganda to remind

world opinion of what persecution the Jews suffered at the hands of the Nazis, while the Zionist intelligence services work secretly to encourage movements similar to Nazism.

For example, in the autumn of 1980, a number of terrorist acts were committed against Jewish targets, including synagogues, in some Western European countries, particularly France. A day after the start of this campaign, the "Israeli" government announced the formation of a special committee to supervise the absorption of Jewish immigrants from Europe. Afterwards it became apparent that Zionist intelligence was encouraging fascist organisations in Europe to conduct this campaign, and was giving them financial support.

Also in the Arab countries Zionist intelligence used terrorist methods to push the Jews living there into migrating to the Zionist entity. For example, in 1943 the Shai intelligence service began its activities in Iraq, where 130,000 Jews were living. In March 1950 the Nuri Said government allowed Jews to emigrate from Iraq to occupied Palestine, on condition the emigrants left within one year from that date. However the overwhelming majority of Iraqi Jews did not wish to leave Iraq, and after a month the Zionist leadership decided to entrust intelligence with arranging the required migration. So Zionist intelligence agents set off explosive charges in the offices of two Jewish-owned companies and a cafe which Iraqi Jews used to frequent. Some Iraqi Jews began to flee from Iraq to take refuge in the Zionist entity.

Nevertheless, the number of emigrants was small. So Zionist intelligence agents threw a bomb at the entrance of the Masuda Shemtov synagogue in Baghdad on 14 January 1951. This attack led to the death of three Iraqi Jews and the injury of more than 20 others. As a result of this terrorist campaign, the Jews emigrated from Iraq, with the

exception of about 5,000 people. Thus 125,000 Iraqi Jewish citizens were displaced from their original homeland where they used to live happily, to become second-class citizens like the other "Oriental" Jews whom the Western rulers of "Israel" use as cannon fodder. This happened as a result of a terrorist campaign undertaken by Zionist intelligence, with the collusion of the reactionary monarchist regime which then ruled Iraq.

This crime committed by Zionist intelligence against the Jewish community in Iraq became known to some sectors of public opinion. Kadouri Saleem, who lost one of his eyes as a result of the bomb thrown at the Masuda Shemtov synagogue, brought a case against the Zionist authorities in the "Israeli" courts, and demanded compensation for his injury. This case became famous in the Zionist entity. The Scottish Jewish authoress Marion Woolfson gives a detailed account of this terrorist campaign in her book *Prophets in Babylon: Jews in the Arab World* (London, Faber & Faber, 1980).

It has now become clear, particularly as a result of the civil war in Lebanon, that the Zionist enemy is trying to implement a plan aimed at redrawing the map of the Middle East, to turn some of its states into sectarian statelets. Information available to us up to now indicates that the enemy decided to initiate this plan by partitioning Syria and Lebanon into a Maronite statelet, a Druze statelet, an Alawi, a Sunni and a Shia statelet. Enemy policy planners believe that the Zionist entity will thus become a "Jewish" state in the midst of a collection of sectarian states, instead of an alien cancer in the body of the Arab World. In other words, the Zionist entity was established in an environment hostile to it, so it is now striving to change this environment to harmonise with it, by stirring up sectarian fanaticisms in neighbouring states.

To achieve this aim, Zionism allies itself with other fanatical right-wing movements, like the Lebanese Phalangist Party, which was born in 1936 after its founder Pierre Gemayel visited Germany to learn the methods of organising an extreme right-wing party from the Nazis. The Zionist movement also relies on reactionary traitors like Saad Haddad, who is playing a role in Lebanon similar to that of the Ukrainian traitor Stefan Bandera, who established rightist militias in the Second World War with the help of Nazi Germany, to commit massacres against his people. At the end of 1968, Zionist forces carried out an attack against Beirut Airport as a probing action, to evaluate the differences between the reactions among the various sects in Lebanon. On the basis of this evaluation, Zionist policy planners decided to instigate the civil war, in co-operation with US imperialism. The US Central Intelligence Agency played an important role in this war, particularly in smuggling American arms to the rightist militias and in co-ordinating with Zionist intelligence over espionage against the Palestinian Resistance and the Lebanese National Movement. The operation of supplying the Phalangist militia with arms has now become known to all, and it is done by means of cargo ships sailing from "Israeli" ports to the harbour of Jounieh in the Phalangist-controlled area.

4. Zionist Intelligence in Western Europe

Although Mossad does not attract as much attention as, for example, the CIA, its actions are wide and varied in scope. In Europe, Mossad uses a very widescale network of informers and strongholds, which are usually small but highly effective. By re lying on the Jewish communities, which play a prominent role in political life in Great Britain, West Germany, the Netherlands, Belgium, Italy and some Eastern European countries, as well as powerful and wealthy Zionist organisations, Mossad often obtains high-level government secrets in these countries. It secretly bribes prominent government and public figures and conducts large-scale economic intelligence operations and meticulously planned terrorist acts. Besides, Mossad is actively engaged in fund-raising campaigns to collect money for the Zionist entity. Mossad agents also carry out special operations to boost Jewish emigration from Europe to occupied Palestine. Today hundreds of synagogues, Jewish clubs and cultural centres, small shops, private banks, bars, restaurants, musical and night clubs are controlled by Mossad.

Mossad agents concentrate mainly either in capitals or in the largest cities of European states, often using "Israeli" diplomatic missions as cover. Sometimes they work in jobs as synagogue officials, organisers or sponsors of various Jewish clubs and Zionist societies. They also act as salesmen, businessmen, teachers, doctors and even sportsmen. There was a case when an experienced Mossad officer served for years as a porter in one of the fashionable hotels in Basel and, working very skilfully among the tourists and businessmen who stayed in that hotel, he obtained unique information about the economic, political, social and military situation in such countries as West

Germany and France.

Mossad's intelligence network in Great Britain was headed for a long time by "Israeli" Consul-General Dr. Zev Suffot. Working under the cover of a diplomatic passport he had access to prominent British politicians, businessmen, lawyers and the military. At formal lunches and dinners he easily struck up friendship with top British government officials or aristoctatic patrons of the arts and literature, the ruling class of that country, including members of the royal family. Dr. Suffot met regularly with leaders of the major Zionist organisations in Britain and received the necessary information from them. Through his agents he received information from paid informants in the Jewish communities as well as from informers deeply planted in British ministries and various government departments, including secret military formations. Considering all this, one can imagine the volume of information he had. With the help of prominent British Zionists such as Michael Sacher, Dr. Isaac Levy, Sidney Shipton, Victor Lucas, David Stern, Rabbi Hugo Gryn and others, Dr. Suffot was in a position to carry out practically any operation in Britain ranging from kidnapping a British subject of Jewish faith to staging terrorist acts, or engineering mass disorders in one of the streets of London or public attacks on a British Minister undesirable for "Israel", in order to bring him down.

A top priority task set before Mossad agents is, of course, to obtain military secrets of Great Britain. Thus they closely watch the Defence Operational Analysis Establishment (DOAE) at West Byfleet, Surrey. There are grounds to believe that Dr. L. Van Zyl, an official of the Establishment, has ties with Mossad.

In addition, Mossad agents constantly keep US military bases in Britain under surveillance. Despite the Zionists' alliance with imperialist states, trust is absent, at least at the

intelligence level.

The Mossad intelligence network in France was for years directed by Asher Ben Natan, the "Israeli" ambassador in Paris.

The kidnapping of Moroccan militant Mahdi Ben Barka in the Rue Saint Germain in Paris in October 1965 is considered to be a spectacular operation participated in by Mossad in the territory of France. It is significant the operation was masterminded and conducted together with the CIA, but only CIA agents in France were suspected while "Israeli" intelligence remained completely in the shadows.

Several CIA agents were exposed in Paris in 1975. Investigations revealed that two of them – Charles Kasik and Donald Bonin – also worked for Mossad.

Paris was Mossad's main headquarters in Europe for many years, until a crisis arose between President de Gaulle and the Zionists after the 1967 war, when Brussels became the main headquarters. However Paris still has special importance among Mossad's many centres in Europe. It is from Paris that several operations were initiated, such as, for instance, the hijacking of gunboats from Cherbourg to "Israel", the despatch of uranium to "Israel" through the Mediterranean. It was in Paris that the plan to steal the Mirage aircraft drawings was elaborated.

A Zionist organisation called the "Movement for Israel" and other organisations are giving Mossad substantial assistance in France. There are almost 700,000 Jews living in France, of whom some 40,000 are members of Zionist organisations. It is among the latter that Mossad at any time may find a man or a woman needed for a specific secret operation.

Avi Primor, the World Zionist Organisation's representative in France, used to be the chief co-ordinator

of Mossad interests inside the French Jewish community until he was recalled in 1980 following a political scandal as a result of his attempts to put together a Zionist lobby in the country.

Recently a "Jewish Renewal" group in the Parisian suburb of Pantin was formed with the help of "Israeli" mentors from Mossad. One of the official leaders of that group is Henri Haydenberg who is closely connected with Primor and the Zionist intelligence services.

Mossad controls the activities of all the synagogues in France. Thus, Leon Masliah, assistant to the Chief Rabbi of France René-Samuel Sirat, is a paid informer of the "Israeli" secret service.

In France, as was also the case in West Germany, Mossad secret agents used the services of the SAVAK, the secret police in Iran under the Shah. Mossad is keeping a watchful eye on members of the European Parliament in France, West Germany, Britain, Holland, Italy and Belgium. Since it has reliable informers in the political circles of the European countries, Mossad is in a position to trace every step of each member of the European Parliament.

A special section of Mossad is watching the NATO headquarters, as well as the military installations of the Atlantic alliance throughout Western Europe. This section is usually headed by a senior Mossad officer who used to work in one of the Western European capitals. In the 1970s it was headed by Colonel Yuval Ne'eman (now a General) who was an "Israeli" military attache in London. In Belgium, Paul Matil, whose real name is Leopold Unger, is Mossad's chief informer. His job as a journalist working for *Le Soir* and *L'Express* allows him to travel all over the country, thus playing the role of a link between the Zionist and Jewish organisations and the "Israeli" intelligence service.

In Austria a Zionist organisation called HIAS is the main

prop of Mossad. There are facts that have come to light indicating the ties of the former US Consul in Vienna, White, with both HIAS and Mossad.

In Italy, the agents of "Israeli" intelligence rely on the activists of the Jewish community, which is 35,000-strong. Mossad is also using the services of the extreme right and extreme left terrorist organisations, to which it pays generously. Mossad agents use terrorism and violence to increase the emigration of Jews from Europe to the Zionist entity. With this aim in mind, Mossad maintains secret ties with errorist organisations in Italy, Turkey and West Germany In order to stimulate this emigration to the Zionist entity, Mossad agents sometimes resort to the services of neo-Nazi organisations such as the Black Order in Italy, Grey Wolves in Turkey, la Fuerza Nueva in Spain, the Action Front of National Socialists and the Combat Goup of German Soldiers in West Germany and others.

At one of the major meetings held in Tel Aviv in the summer of 1978 in an atmosphere of top secrecy, a decision was made that "Israel" should secretly support the factions of the conservative forces and military politicians in such countries as Italy, Greece and Turkey. Military regimes in those countries, experts from the "Israeli" Ministry of Foreign Affairs and General Staff believe, might provide strong guarantees to protect the security of the Zionist state from the Mediterranean. In 1980, such a military regime seized power in Turkey.

At that meeting, the Mossad leaders were told to step up the activities of their agents in the abovementioned countries, as well as in Cyprus.

In 1981, a Turkish terrorist called Mehmet Ali Agca made an attempt to assassinate His Holiness Pope John Paul II. A few weeks later, the Palestinian Liberation Front learnt from well-informed European diplomatic sources that

a number of intelligence and security services in European states had begun to attach great importance to the circumstances surrounding this attempt. The questionings of these services revolved in particular around a number of points which indicated that Agca's crime was not the result of an individual initiative, and that he was working on behalf of certain quarters. Among these points were the circumstances of Agca's escape from prison in Turkey in 1979, only about four months after his arrest on the charge of murdering a newspaper editor there, and then his travel with ease in a number of European countries, namely Spain, West Germany, Italy and Switzerland, in spite of intensive efforts by Interpol to arrest him.

The abovementioned intelligence and security services discovered some other important facts, among them that Agca had opened two bank accounts, one in West Germany and the other in Switzerland, and deposited large sums in them. The same European diplomats say that various reliable sourcces discovered that Agca was in contact not only with right-wing extremists in the European countries, but also that he had established relations with representatives of Zionist circles, particularly extreme Zionist organisations. For example, a police superintendent in West Germany confirmed that he had discovered information to the effect that the Zionist intelligence services were directing Agca's actions on some occasions, and that they provided him with forged documents, a weapon and money.

Agca was certainly able to obtain documents which only a powerful and influential organisation can secure, in order to travel in the countries of Western Europe. As for the pistol which Agca used in his attempt to assassinate the Pope, news reports state that it was purchased in Bulgaria. It is not difficult for Mossad to instruct one of its agents who

are not known to buy a pistol in Bulgaria, in order to plant suspicion on a Socialist country that it committed this crime. Zionist intelligence has become renowned for cunning stratagems of this sort.

It has become known that Mehmet Ali Agca was a member of the "National Action Party", an extreme right-wing Turkish organisation led by Alp Arslan Turkes, a former officer in Turkish intelligence. It is known to well-informed people that there is close co-ordination between Turkish intelligence and the Zionist intelligence services.

In February 1979, Agca murdered the Editor of the Turkish newspaper *Milliyet,* who was known for his liberal views which were opposed by the "National Action Party". After a short spell in prison in Turkey, Agca was able to escape on 22 November 1979, six days before the Pope paid an official visit to Turkey. This made the Turkish authorities adopt tight security measures to protect their guest.

The Turkish police then issued a warning to citizens about Mehmet Ali Agca, whom it described as a "dangerous criminal", and ordered its men to shoot him immediately if they located him. But Agca managed to flee from Turkish territory after killing another two people. So a Turkish military court sentenced him to death in absentia.

The Turkish security services then began their attempts to capture Agca in Western Europe. They were able to discover where he was hiding in West Germany. Although they sent a complete file on him to the West German authorities, the latter denied that they could trace Agca in their territory. This led to a crisis in Turkish-German relations. The Turkish government accused the German police of negligence and not carrying out their duty to arrest Agca. The Turkish press also criticised West Germany,

accusing it of providing a refuge for terrorists. The Turkish head of state, General Kenan Evren, declared that "if friendly European states open their arms to terrorists who flee from our country, and grants them the right of political asylum in their territories, the result will be as you have seen."

Turkish investigations established that some security men helped Agca to escape from prison as a result of their sympathy with the rightist "National Action Party". The Turkish authorities arrested three people in this connection, the chief of a Turkish police station, an official in charge of "National Action Party" cells and a person who provided Agca with a passport.

It became apparent that the "National Action Party" enjoys close relations with other fascist organisations, particularly in Western Europe. Among these are Nazi organisations in West Germany which include a number of people who served the Nazi state in Hitler's days. The Spanish magazine *Aurora* mentioned that, after Agca had murdered the Editor of *Milliyet* in 1979, it came to light that he had close relations with some West Germans who left Turkey a few hours before that murder. Interpol arrested one of these Germans, and it transpired that he was a supporter of Nazi ideas. However, Interpol was unable to prove any charge against him, and was compelled to release him.

Right-wing organisations like the "National Action Party", and the Nazis in West Germany and other countries form what is tantamount to a "fascist international" owing to the close co-ordination between these organisations in their efforts to impose their domination over various peoples. This "fascist international" gives backing to right-wing forces in various parts of the world, such as the Zionist entity, the racist regime in South Africa and the

Lebanese Phalangist party. It is known that fascist organisations in West Germany, France and Britain sent mercenaries to Lebanon to join the Phalangist and Chamounist militias, and provided these militias with money and arms on some occasions.

This co-operation has deep roots in history. Relations of close co-ordination were established between the Zionist movement and Nazi intelligence in the 1930s and 1940s, as a result of the common interests of the two sides in expelling the Jews from Europe to send them to Palestine, as was mentioned above.

One question remains: why should the Zionists want to assassinate the Pope? The aforementioned European diplomats say that this assassination attempt came in the wake of the Vatican's adoption of positions on the situation in the Middle East which did not please the Zionist movement, such as the disapproval of the Zionist Knesset's decision to consider Jerusalem "the unified and eternal capital of Israel". Some influential circles in Rome say that there is a connection between the attempt to assassinate the Pope and the failure of the visit of the enemy's Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, following the meeting between PLO Political Department Head Farouk Al Kaddoumi and Cardinal Casarolli, the Secretary of State in charge of the Vatican's external relations.

On 5 October 1980, the Pope preached a sermon in the church of Otranto in Italy, in which he mentioned that the Zionists had driven the Palestinians out of their country by force. Is this not enough for the Zionists to pass a "death sentence" on him?

These positions of the Vatican resulted from efforts made by a number of sincere and intelligent Catholics, like Archbishop Hilarion Capucci, to make Catholic public opinion in the world understand the truth about the

Palestinian question. For example, Father Ibrahim Ayad, a Palestinian Catholic priest, in a lecture he delivered to a Black Pastors' Conference in the United States on 8 October 1980, declared:

"We, of the Christian community in the Holy Land, are truly amazed by the lack of concern and interest shown by the Christian world for the fate of its brothers in the Holy Land who suffer insurmountable hardships. We continue our prayers with the hope that our Christian brothers of the world will awaken their conscience and seek to understand the suffering their indifference and apathy to their most Holy Shrines bring for all of us."

One indication of the difficulty of arriving at the truth through Italian investigations into Agca's crime was the scandal related to the discovery of an Italian Masonic lodge at that time, whose members exercised wide influence in the state apparantus. This lodge was accused of espionage on behalf of a foreign state. One of its members was the chief of Italian intelligence.

Shortly afterwards, the Kuwaiti newspaper *Al Anba,* in a report from Rome, stated that the former Italian Master Mason Salvini had admitted to the Italian judiciary that the head of the aforementioned lodge (P-2) had been in continuous contact, and was linked by friendly relations, with the ally of Zionism Anwar Sadat, who had been a foreign member of this lodge.

5. Zionist Terrorist Activities in Cyprus

The attention of public opinion was drawn to the activities of Mossad in Cyprus as a result of the assassinations it carried out against Palestinians there. The indignation of the Cypriot people is increasing against these crimes committed against visitors to their country, in view of the deeply-rooted traditions of hospitality in Cyprus.

In one of these criminal incidents, Mossad agents fired in the street at Abu Safwat and Samir Touqan on 10 December 1979, and killed them. Abu Safwat was an officer of the Palestinian Resistance on a visit to Cyprus. Samir Touqan was an official in the PLO office in Nicosia.

The target of one of the Zionist crimes in Cyprus was Hani Al Hindi, a Syrian national and one of the founders of the Arab Nationalist Movement from which the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine developed. An explosive device was placed in his car on 4 January 1981, so that a bomb exploded when he opened the door. Fortunately, he escaped with his life, although he lost an arm.

The police arrested a suspect who claimed at first that he was a Canadian citizen called Michael Antoine Pevin. Later it became apparent that he was in fact of French origin and called Moshe Bavli, and a resident of "Israel" at that time. The police said that his Canadian passport and Canadian international driving licence were forged. The suspect confessed this, and it was later confirmed by the Canadian authorities.

As well as terrorist acts against Palestinians in Cyprus, Mossad is arranging political intrigues with the aim of weakening the status of Cypriot political personalities who support the Palestinian cause and advance politicians who show their willingness to co-operate with Zionism to

positions of greater influence.

The revulsion aroused by the attempt to assassinate Hani Al Hindi led to fresh and insistent demands by broad political circles in Cyprus for the government to adopt effective measures to prevent the repetition of such acts. These circles proposed the breaking off of diplomatic relations, since the "Israeli" Embassy in Nicosia is to all intents and purposes a Mossad centre, and the expulsion of Mossad agents from Cyprus.

Haravghi, the daily newspaper which speaks for AKEL, the Cypriot Communist Party, in its issue of 15 January 1981, confirmed that Mossad not only sends its agents to Cyprus to murder people who oppose "Israeli" plans, but also conducts espionage for imperialist purposes in collusion with other intelligence services. The newspaper added that the Mossad office responsible for actions in Cyprus comes under the direct authority of Menachem Begin himself, who approves its special operations. This office has at its disposal special squads of killers who do not necessarily reside in "Israel". *Haravghi* explained that they can therefore travel freely by using passports from the countries in which they were born, or forged passports.

The newspaper indicated that Mossad collaborates with the CIA in its operations in Cyprus, and affirmed that AKEL had presented lists of Zionist spies to the Cypriot Parliament. *Haravghi* warned that anti-imperialist Cypriots, as well as Palestinians and Arabs in general, were targets for Mossad, and that imperialism and Zionism are watching out for the most appropriate time to undermine the independence, democracy and non-alignment of Cyprus, in view of its strategic importance.

Haravghi added that Mossad has a regional co-ordination office in Athens which supervised the attacks on Abu Safwat, Samir Touqan and Hani Al Hindi. The CIA has also

used Athens as an important regional centre, especially during some stages of the Lebanese civil war.

The Cyprus Weekly, in its issue of the week 16-22 January 1981, published an article on the activities of Mossad in Limassol in which it cited a memorandum from the Arab Boycott of Israel Office. This memorandum stated that Mossad agents had infiltrated some companies operating in Limassol, to facilitate the operation of economic sabotage against the Arab states, and the infiltration of "Israeli" goods to Arab markets.

Sympathisers with Zionism are a minority in Cyprus. They can be found among supporters of the 1974 right-wing coup and followers of the right-wing Rally Party led by Glafkos Clerides. Despite his pretence of being a democrat, Clerides is in fact a fascist, who is willing to sacrifice the independence of Cyprus in order to turn the island into a NATO base to please his American masters.

6. Zionist Intelligence in the United States

The United States is caring for the Zionist entity like a tender children's nurse. Washington spends billions of dollars each year in economic and military aid to Tel Aviv, readily responding to each and every one of its requests. There exists a multitude of open and secret ties between the two states.

Seeking to manifest their loyalty to Zionism, neither the Central Intelligence Agency nor the Federal Bureau of Investigation has ever attempted to control the activities of Zionist intelligence in the territory of the United States, regarding it as a friendly force. When the FBI first received information that Mossad agents were operating in the United States, nobody was shocked or paid any special attention to the fact. One sentence: "Israeli intelligence officers are monitoring the Arabs living in the United States" was enough to placate everyone.

Taking advantage of such an attitude, Mossad has practically entangled the entire territory of the United States in a web of informers and paid agents.

In 1979 "Israeli" spies bugged a secret meeting of the US Permanent Representative to the UN Andrew Young with PLO representative Zuhdi Tarazi, and disclosed the fact. As a result, Andrew Young had to resign immediately. But it became clear to everyone that "Israel" is engaged in the territory of the United States, which is its most reliable ally, in intelligence operations similar to those which it is carrying out in the countries hostile to it.

Some intelligence experts in the United States say that the Zionists have infiltrated every echelon of the government apparatus in the United States. In 1980 a dinner was given at the Rockefeller Center in New York, attended by a few dozen rich Zionist bank managers and

corporation presidents. It was a fund-raising dinner to support the Republican candidate, Ronald Reagan. During the dinner it was loudly proclaimed that without Jewish money, President Carter would have to leave the White House.

The keys of the US Congress and the White House are in fact in the hands of the Zionists. Mossad agents have the support of the powerful Zionist lobby of the United States and therefore have access to any secrets there.

The former chief Zionist lobbyist on Washington's Capitol Hill, Morris Amitay, director of the American-Israeli Public Affairs Committee, says: "We're effective as a lobby because we've got a lot of people we can call on immediately. I know all these guys at the State and Defence (Departments) and the CIA." He is in charge of the American-Israeli Public Affairs Committee of 12,000 members. It is on the support and assistance of such people that Mossad agents constantly lean. And there is the "Israeli" Embassy in Washington, as well as consulates, the Military Attaché's mission and powerful US Zionist organisations, to say nothing of Jewish communities where Mossad has its informers.

Mossad has infiltrated over 330 universities and colleges in America, as well as offices of high-ranking State Department, Defence Department and Treasury officials, the CIA and FBI central offices. It has planted its people in the entourage of dozens of senators and representatives, governors and members of the Supreme Court. In the headquarters of the two major political parties of the United States, Zionist agents, acting through their own "reliable men", can obtain practically any document they want.

In the entourage of any President of the United States from Harry Truman to Ronald Reagan, there has always

been an active group of Jewish administrators, which included at least one person who was performing secret duties assigned by Mossad. Myer Feldman, a Washington lawyer, for instance, served as a special adviser under Presidents John Kennedy and Lyndon Johnson. Harold Saunders, Leonard Garment and Helmut Sonnenfeldt served in the White House under President Richard Nixon. Under President Jimmy Carter, their jobs as secret informers of the Zionist intelligence service were taken over by Jody Powell, Robert Lipshutz and Jerry Rafshoon.

Millionaire Max Fisher could read any secret documents on the table of President Gerald Ford. Walt Rostow and Henry Kissinger, who are both Zionists, used to belong to the presidential inner circles.

Mossad interferes very actively in US foreign and domestic policy. With the active participation of Mossad, a campaign was launched against William Fulbright, who was a powerful senator and head of the Senate Foerign Relations Committee. As a result, he was ousted. Mossad agents also managed to remove Gen. George Brown from his post of Chairman of the American Joint Chiefs of Staff. He soon died under mysterious circumstances.

Hundreds of American politicians, perhaps even unwittingly in some cases, have been trapped by Mossad. Reagan's chief financial patron is Daniel Ludwig, a multimillionaire and a Jew, who reportedly has contacts with US Zionist organisations and, according to some reports, with Zionist intelligence as such.

In some states, for instance in the state of New York, the Zionist lobby has almost unlimited power, so Mossad agents really have nothing to worry about there.

Powerful bosses of the US Zionist organisations like Rabbi Israel Miller, David Blumberg, Joseph Sternstein, Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg, Jacob Stein, Philip Hoffman,

Abraham Multer, Max Fisher, Maurice Sage, Bertram Gold and others hold numerous reins to control American social life. They resort to their power and "Jewish money" each time a policy trend appears in America which is not in the interest of "Israel" or "Israeli" agents get into trouble. It is they who help Mossad agents operating in the United States if they have to emerge unscathed from seemingly hopeless situations.

It has become known to some people that the criminal organisation, the Mafia, which specialises in drug smuggling, the establishment of houses of prostitution and murder operations, also enjoys good relations with a number of politicians in the US ruling class. There has also been close co-operation for several years between the Mafia and Mossad.

Among the most prominent members of the Mafia who established relations with political leaders is the singer Frank Sinatra, who also became well known in 1967 for his fanatical support of the Zionist war of aggression and his activities to collect money for the Zionist entity in that war. Sinatra became a friend of US President Reagan in 1970, when he became chairman of the committee to re-elect Reagan as Governor of California. The relationship between the two men was not only political, but also a warm personal friendship. For example, in 1976, Reagan interrupted his electoral campaign to attend Sinatra's wedding party. This party was also attended by Bernice Korschak, the wife of the lawyer Sidney Korschak, who was accused by a California criminal investigation committee of being a member of the Mafia for more than 30 years.

Sidney Korschak, as well as William French Smith, the Attorney General in the Reagan administration, attended Sinatra's 65th. birthday party at the end of 1980.

Sinatra and his associates collected more than $2 million

to support Reagan's electoral campaign for the Presidency, in which he defeated Jimmy Carter. Then Reagan appointed Sinatra to be in charge of organising the celebrations for his election to the Presidency.

Mafia gangster Jimmy Fratiano has stated that the Mafia paid Sinatra $20,000 recently. It is certain that Sinatra deserved this sum, after he made strenuous efforts to serve Zionism and strengthen relations between the Mafia and the American ruling class.

Relations between Zionism and criminal gangs are deeply rooted in history. The American Jewish writer Ben Hecht mentioned in his memoirs that a criminal gang leader named Mickey Cohen was one of the supporters of the Irgun terrorist organisation in 1948, and that he made efforts to collect financial contributions for it.

It is known that "Israeli" intelligence bribes those from whom it benefits, and that the Mafia is willing to commit any crime in return for financial reward. Mossad accordingly resorts to the Mafia's services when necessary.

Mossad has a host of loyal clients in the Mafia. For years Meir Lansky was the central figure in Mossad's relations with the Mafia. He was called the Mafia's "Finance Minister" because of his involvement in staggering financial frauds and his fantastic thirst for money.

By approaching Lansky, Mossad agents were always in a position to intimidate anyone not only in the United States but also in Western Europe, or to "part with" undesirable people, in other words to murder them. Mossad is still resorting to the Mafia's services to intimidate American Jews in an attempt to force them to emigrate to "Israel". With the Mafia's assistance, Mossad agents have assassinated some of the politically active Arabs in North America and Western Europe.

Mossad supplies the Mafia with arms and ammunition as

well as with information about banks easy to rob which are owned by Jews who refused to make donations to Zionism. In its turn, the Mafia renders Mossad invaluable services when it comes to stealing a diplomatic passport or the identity card of a top official of the United Nations Secretatiat. Although the real scope and depth of Mossad's Mafia connection remain a mystery, even the facts that have surfaced are certainly a cause for concern.

In the early summer of 1976 Joseph Goldfinger, the "diamond king", died suddenly of a "heart attack". The most amazing thing was that his friends now recall that "Joe" was in excellent shape only hours before he died. His personal fortune was rumoured to exceed a quarter of a billion dollars. Following his death, however, most of it simply vanished.

Goldfinger fell victim to the Mafia, which had acted on instructions from Mossad. A few dozen such assignments are carried out each year. Rich Jewish businessmen have been attacked in New York, London, Chicago, Milan, Marseilles, Amsterdam and many other cities in recent years. Perhaps Mossad is not responsible for all the cases, but the investigation of some of these attacks has revealed that "Israeli" intelligence was really behind them.

It is worth mentioning that, according to some reports, Mossad was involved in the plot to assassinate President John F. Kennedy. In any case it was in the picture.

It is a fact that President Kennedy was very much concerned with the scope of organised crime in the United States and he intended to set up a special service to fight the Mafia without mercy. His brother Robert Kennedy, who was then Attorney General, was a hundred percent behind the President. Although the plans to wage a "total war" on the Mafia were discussed by a very restricted number of people, the Mafia bosses were tipped off. Mossad had its

informants in the White House and was the quarter which warned the Mafia leaders about the imminent actions against them by the Kennedy brothers. As the facts which have emerged so far indicate, the interests of the CIA coincided with those of the Mafia in this.

Today the relations between Mossad and the Mafia have grown considerably. "Israeli" secret agents do not confine themselves to maintaining ties with the American Mafia only. They make use of the skill of Sicilian gangsters and organised crime gangs in West Germany and even in "Israeli" society itself.

Some time ago the former "Israeli" Attorney General E. Shimron spoke frankly when he said that organised crime in the Zionist state led by a shrewd and cunning boss had been acting in a growingly brazen and arrogant manner. He added that the connection had been traced between the "Israeli" Mafia and the gangsters in Munich, London, Milan, Rotterdam and some other major industrial cities in the West. General Ariel Sharon is referred to as the "Godfather" of the "Israeli" Mafia.

Mossad's efforts have turned organised crime and politics into one tightly knit cobweb.

7. The CIA and Mossad: Who Serves Whom?

In January 1977, the body of Mrs. Leonard Garment, the wife of a former special adviser to President Nixon, was found in a Boston hotel. Officially it was announced that she had committed suicide. However, the rumours persisted that she had been strangled.

Some people, who knew Mrs. Garment well, said she had no reason whatsoever to commit suicide. The trouble was, they said, that she was the wife of a special White House official who knew too much and that she was telling her friends about the prominent role her husband had played in protecting the security of "Israel".

Mossad is constantly trying to silence undesirable people. There have been cases when many top officials in the White House, the Pentagon, the State Department and the CIA had to resign because they did not suit Tel Aviv.

The layman can hardly enter the CIA sanctuary. Mossad has absolutely no problem in doing so. One can imagine the amount of information an official, monitoring the ties between the CIA and the US National Security Council, can collect. For years the post has been held by Samuel Hoskinson, a Mossad agent.

There were radical changes in the National Security Council after Henry Kissinger was replaced by Zbigniew Brzezinski in the post of National Security Adviser. These changes, however, did not adversely affect Mossad's interests, which were taken care of by David Hunter, the chief assistant to the National Security Adviser, whom even Brzezinski failed to remove despite his enormous power.

Cord Meyer, an American Jew who was in charge of the CIA network in London, had for several years been the chief Mossad agent planted in the CIA.

Moshe Dayan was presented everywhere as the real

"hero" of the June 1967 war. Pictures of the one-eyed general and articles praising him flooded the newspapers and magazines of the Western World at the time. But only a handful of people throughout the world knew that Dayan merely carried out orders he received in a carefully planned operation, which was really masterminded by James Angleton, the former CIA counterintelligence chief. Through a wide intelligence network in Egypt and some other Arab countries, Angleton had practically any information about military developments in the Middle East. It was he who had passed on secret information to the "Israeli" General Staff about the defence lines of the Arab armed forces, the quantity and quality of their armaments, about all the military airfiels, the positions, concentrations and planned routes of Egyptian tanks. The "Israelis" knew in advance any manoeuvre of officers and servicemen operating on orders from Cairo. They knew where the genuine anti-aircraft missiles were located and where they were substituted by dummies. In other words, even a low rank officer in the "Israeli" General Staff knew more about the Egyptian Army than many senior Egyptian generals did.

Angleton's right-hand man was Richard Ober. He represented the CIA in the National Security Council and simultaneously was serving Tel Aviv's interests. Angleton maintained wide and versatile contacts with Mossad. In addition, in his attempts to obtain information, he would often resort to methods which in any other country would have been found subversive.

Following Angleton's resignation, Leo Chern became the chief of the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board and also the chief consultant of "Israeli" intelligence in the United States. Through his efforts, Mossad brought under its control a multitude of cunningly camouflaged CIA residents abroad as well as a host of foreign informers working for the

CIA.

Mossad agents very skilfully took advantage of the frictions that emerged from time to time between the CIA and the Pentagon or between the CIA and the FBI. Playing on the differences of these rival agencies, they would impose their own "order" everywhere.

David Rivlin, the former "Israeli" Consul-General in New York and a career Mossad officer, was easily able to recruit Malcolm Currie, a high-ranking official of the Pentagon, who was responsible for US arms supplies abroad.

Mossad has its own informers in many echelons of the Pentagon intelligence community. It is the US Air Force that "Israeli" intelligence has succeeded in infiltrating very thoroughly indeed. It was able to obtain all the information it needed from retired Major General George Keegan Jr., former Chief of Air Force intelligence, and Joseph Churba, a former leading expert on the Middle East intelligence estimates for the Air Force and a senior adviser of President Reagan.

The relations between the CIA and Mossad are on the whole very warm, although at times they may become unusually strained. For example, in the June 1967 war, the US spy ship "Liberty" monitored Egyptian wireless signals and sent their contents to the Zionist entity through the "Israeli" Embassy in Washington, as well as issuing fake orders by wireless to the Egyptian forces, to confuse their battle plans. During this war, "Israeli" aircraft carried out an attack on the "Liberty" which resulted in the death of 34 of its seamen and the injury of 171 others. Although all evidence showed that this attack was deliberate, the US government exerted all its efforts to cover up this question, out of concern for its friendly relations with the Zionist entity. Why did the Zionists carry out this attack against a ship belonging to their main ally?

Commander James Innes, a US naval officer who was on board the "Liberty" when the attack occurred and subsequently wrote a book about it, believes that the Zionists "did not want it to be discovered that they were on the verge of attacking Syria" on 8 June 1967, when US President Johnson wanted to stop the war. So the Zionist entity presented the US government with a *fait accompli,* and compelled it to consider 34 of the men of its naval forces as expendable.

Some differences arose between the two parties after the 1973 war, when Mossad accused the CIA chiefs of deliberately concealing the exact date of the imminent Arab attack, although they knew it. On the other hand, an anti-Zionist coalition has emerged within the CIA, asserting that the exposure of American agents abroad could not have taken place without Mossad's involvement. Notwithstanding these squabbles, Mossad helped the CIA to gather information about draft dodgers and deserters from the US armed forces and left-wing American students staying abroad, as well as about the sources of anti-American sentiments in several developing countries.

The relationship between Mossad and the CIA can be described as normally one of co-ordination and co-operation. Among examples of this are the murders of a number of Palestinian martyrs. CIA operative Miles Copeland came to Beirut to plan the assassination of Ghassan Kanafani. He stayed at the Sands Beach Hotel to prepare also for the "Verdun operation", whose victims were Kamal Nasser, Kamal Adwan and Abu Yusuf. Some members of the Mossad team who carried out this operation stayed at the same hotel. After they had carried out this operation, the US Embassy in Beirut helped the killers to escape from Lebanon.

8. Mossad and the Developing Countries

The early 1970s saw the peak of Zionist intelligence activities in the developing countries. It was at that time that, using the facade of extending aid to Third World states, Tel Aviv infiltrated dozens of agents into the countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America in the guise of experts in agriculture, finance, transportation or engineering. Mossad agents take advantage of various charitable societies, trade unions, women's and youth organisations, the clergy and trade centres in developing countries. At the United Nations many developing countries regularly denounce "Israeli" expansionist policy, so Tel Aviv regards them as "unfriendly regimes" and gives Mossad broad and practically unlimited powers to fight those "regimes" by waging an invisible but unrelenting war against the leaders of these countries.

The exposure of intensive Mossad intelligence activities in the United States in 1979 also served to lift the veil covering the spy operations conducted by the "Israeli" intelligence services against developing countries.

Although the scope of these operations remains a mystery, there is no doubt in anybody's mind that, no matter where they may be in Africa, Asia or Latin America, these operations are conducted systematically and at a high professional level. Reports have been confirmed to the effect that in the developing nations Mossad is engaged in espionage and subversion, working in close co-ordination with the CIA. It was the Central Intelligence Agency which paid for some major programmes undertaken by Mossad agents in Third World countries for the benefit of the CIA.

But Mossad's co-operation with the CIA does not mean at all that the two services do not carry out separate operations in Third World countries. Under certain

circumstances, Mossad acts against the CIA in those countries. Sometimes Mossad agents quietly assist Africans, Asians and Latin Americans in exposing some secret CIA operations. But the purpose of this is merely to ensure a greater measure of Mossad's own security. This was done, for instance, in Iran and Nicaragua, where Mossad did all it could to jeopardise CIA agents in order to get out of danger itself.

In the developing countries of Africa, Mossad has sources of information among tradesmen, brokers, newsmen and students. "Israeli" spies in Africa co-operate closely with the South African intelligence service. Mossad has repeatedly rendered services to its South African colleagues, passing on to them information on left-wing leaders and movements in African countries. In their turn the CIA and South African intelligence helped the Zionists to carry out their operation at Entebbe in Uganda and some other operations as well. "Israeli" agents stationed in Kenya proved very valuable in helping Mossad to rescue hostages held at Entebbe. The "Israelis" obtained official permission for "Israeli" aircraft to land and refuel from Daniel Arap Moi, then Vice-President of Kenya. Among the factors which helped this operation in an important way was the information provided by Njonjo, the corrupted Attorney-General, Defence Minister Gichuru and Minister of State in the President's Office Koinange, while Githii, who is responsible for the operations of Mossad agents in Kenya and is the editor in chief of the Kenyan *Daily Nation,* even visited the Zionist entity to receive an award for his invaluable contribution to that operation.

William Edmondson, the chief of CIA intelligence units in Central and Southern Africa, and the US Ambassador to Pretoria hold regular meetings with Mossad agents and leaders of the South African secret service to co-ordinate a

common approach to some problems, particularly those concerning counter-revolutionary measures in Namibia and Zimbabwe.

In several countries of Northern and North-Eastern Africa, Mossad agents are operating in close co-operation with Sadat's secret service. In exchange for the Zionists' help in fighting internal enemies, Sadat willingly helps the "Israelis" in the countries where his agents operate.

Mossad resorts to the services of those Africans who received an education in the Zionist entity, who number from 5,000 to 7,000. In addition, Mossad seeks constantly to enlist African students studying in Europe.

In some African countries, such as Sierra Leone, Liberia, Zaire (the Congo), Ghana and the Ivory Coast, for instance, "Israeli" intelligence has its own informers in the army and the police force. In the 1970s "Israel" was reportedly sending arms to over 20 African countries. These supplies were frequently followed by the arrival of military experts and instructors. "Israel" is still trying to take advantage of some of the ties established at that time. Tel Aviv used some of the African states as experimental training grounds for its police force which practised in some cities and towns of the African continent on stifling civil disorders.

At present hundreds of Western European and North American companies are operating in African countries. Zionist intelligence services sell to some of these firms estimates of these countries' raw material deposits, information about terms of possible deals on their extraction and on the overall state of the economy in various African countries. While signing a contract with a Western company on extremely unfavourable terms, the Africans may not even suspect the role played by "Israeli" intelligence's secret informers who had received generous remuneration.

In Latin America "Israeli" intelligence feels at home in the countries ruled by military regimes. Mossad is very skilful in finding victims to deliver to enraged dictators exactly at a time when they are eager to lash out at the opposition. The "Israelis" supply many Latin American countries with combat equipment in an attempt to establish a tradition so as to send their "technical experts" and "consultants" later. All that is done through intelligence services.

Mossad usually participates in trade deals with a view to buying precious and semi-precious stones, silver and other metals necessary for the "Israeli" jewellery industry, which rates first in the world.

"Israeli" intelligence agents closely watch reshuffles in the top echelons of the Latin American armies, as well as student and trade union movements of those countries, and pass on the information to the ruling regimes and the United States.

The "Israeli" trade union organisation Histadrut, known for its ties with Mossad and the CIA, plays an extremely prominent role in Latin American countries. Thus, for example, the Histadrut branch in Argentina was for years headed by Mordejai Atzir, who would constantly information about trade union activities there. It reality, however, Atzir was the Mossad resident in Argentina. He was operating under two covers at the same time Histadrut and the "Israeli" embassy in Buenos Aires.

Considering Latin American countries a major potential market for "Israeli" commodities as well as a major source of valuable raw materials for "Israel", Zionist leaders in Tel Aviv have instructed Mossad to step up its activities in that region on the assumption that at the beginning of the 21st. century it will become a major centre of world developments.

In Asia, Mossad interests stretch from India to Japan and on to the Philippines. In India Zionist intelligence concentrates on the black market, exporting unique art and ancient treasures from the country.

In Japan, "Israeli" agents are interested in electronics. In the Philippines Mossad has set up transit bases on the way from Asia to North and South America. In Burma and Thailand, Mossad agents buy large quantities of narcotics, most of which are then shipped to the United States through the Philippines and Honolulu, while the rest goes through Iran and Turkey to the Zionist entity and then on to Western Europe. Mossad has been showing growing interest in China lately. "Israeli" secret agents have visited Peking in the guise of members of several large American delegations.

Chinese and "Israeli" officials have held informal talks also under the UN cover. The possibility cannot be ruled out that the two sides may exchange diplomatic missions by 1985. Mossad is trying beforehand to stimulate the activities of a handful of its agents in that country who were recruited mainly from Chinese of American nationality and sent to China through Hong Kong.

On the whole, however, Mossad agents behave in a more restrained manner in Asia than in Africa and Latin America.

The brain drain is a very painful problem for developing countries. However, until now only a handful of people knew the role which "Israeli" agents played in this matter some years ago. It was they who took advantage of their own possibilities and the American requirements to recruit initial groups of medical students from India and some African countries who were studying in Paris, London or Rome and to send them to the United States. Some of the most powerful world educational centres have long come under close scrutiny of Mossad.

One of the major tasks of "Israeli" intelligence in the developing nations is to organise the migration of Jews to occupied Palestine, especially Jews with a good professional training. Mossad agents determine whom Tel Aviv needs in the first place, and then act accordingly.

"Israel" pretends to be a Third World country, and is pursuing an imperialist policy towards the developing nations, a policy of deception, violence and plunder. And Mossad is the main instrument of that policy.

9. The Alliance with the Racists in South Africa

The political intelligence bodies of Tel Aviv and Pretoria originally established contacts a long time ago. Although initially timid, these ties developed considerably after South African intelligence (BOSS) took advantage of its agents planted in Latin America to help Mossad to trace and kidnap Adolf Eichmann. In their turn, Mossad agents have passed on to BOSS a considerable amount of valuable information about the structure of the defence forces and the revolutionary movements in African countries, assisting BOSS in planting its agents in the African nationalist movements.

Mr. Harry Oppenheimer, the multi-millionaire who is chairman of a gigantic British-American conglomerate in South Africa, is a generous patron of both the South African secret service and Mossad. Each year he donates from $2 to $4 billion to both of these organisations. In their turn the South African secret service and Mossad ensure the security of his enterprises, providing him with information about any possible competitor.

In the spring of 1976, Johann Russow, a second secretary of the South African embassy in London, hastily left the British capital. With the help of a pornographic film, he intended to blackmail a British MP who was involved in controlling the new military technology for the British Air Force and Navy. This dirty operation engineered by BOSS failed, although it served to indicate that South African secret agents in Britain as well as in some other West European countries are operating much more actively and on a far larger scale than in the past. An experienced diplomat and cunning politician, South African ambassador in London Carol de Wet did all he could to create the impression that South African intelligence services in

Europe are mainly concerned about how to combat the activities of Pretoria's enemies, namely the Africans who migrated to London, Paris or Amsterdam. However, the Russow case confirmed beyond any doubt that BOSS agents are very actively seeking access to military secrets of Great Britain and some other Western European countries, and that they are vigorously trying to bring prominent European political figures under their control. And that is precisely what Mossad agents have been doing. There are grounds to believe that the agents of the "Israeli" and South African intelligence services are acting closely in concert.

Lieutenant General H. Van den Berg, the BOSS chief, who continuously repeated the slogan of "absolute security", invariably mellowed each time when it came to contacts with Mossad. Isser Harel and other Mossad leaders regularly received warm Christmas cards or greetings on Yom Kippur or other Jewish holidays from the usually very reserved boss of BOSS. The "intelligence brotherhood" between "Israel" and South Africa blossomed in the mid-1970s.

Michael Comay, from South Africa, was the "Israeli" ambassador in London and the Mossad resident in Great Britain at the time. Small wonder that many South African agents would come to see him through the back door of his embassy. For years Cord Meyer, a Jewish American mentioned earlier, was the CIA resident in London, who never concealed his South African sympathies. He repeatedly helped Comay when he was in trouble, helping to improve the intelligence networks of Mossad and BOSS in London.

The South African and "Israeli" intelligence services co-operate intimately when it comes to hunting for nuclear secrets of some Western powers. Zionist agents believe they are entitled to demand any information from Jewish

physicists working in secret laboratories in the United States, Great Britain, Canada or West Germany.

Until recently South African spies have concentrated mainly on URENCO, a multinational corporation which is developing new methods of enriching uranium. This corporation employs experts from Britain, West Germany, and Holland. In each of these countries URENCO has affiliates, and in each of them South Africa has its secret informers. Relying on the Zionist lobby in Holland, "Israeli" agents have had a chance to assist their South African colleagues in obtaining major components of the technologies needed to build nuclear breeder reactors. Mossad agents also played the broker's role in cultivating ties between special emissaries from South Africa and representatives of two American giants, General Electric and Westinghouse, both of which took part in secret nuclear deals made by "Israel" in the past.

During the night of 22 September 1979, a special unit of South African Navy vessels was manoeuvring secretly on the high seas south of the Cape of Good Hope. Not many knew that a few days earlier a group of military and civilian experts had arrived secretly in South Africa from the Zionist entity. At three o'clock in the morning, a huge fountain of water and fire burst out over a vast expanse of the ocean. Only a few minutes later leaders of the scientific departments of Mossad and BOSS, who spent a sleepless night, received cables saying that the first nuclear test jointly prepared by "Israel" and South Africa was a success.

A few days later the CIA, the KGB and the MI-6 were in a state of confusion. The Soviets were accusing the Americans of deliberately passing on nuclear secrets. The CIA laboratories were frantically analysing the scattered and very limited evidence. In cosy offices of BOSS and Mossad, people were smiling contentedly, because their task had

been accomplished.

In early 1980, following a number of exposures in Great Britain, BOSS was compromised. This intelligence service was reorganised and given a new name. From then on it was to be called the Department of National Security (DONS). A new chief was also found for it, a young professor called Lucas Bernard.

It is worth mentioning that one of the first congratulations that Bernard received came from Yitzhak Hoffi, the commander of Mossad.

10. Mossad Agents in Egypt and the Arabian Peninsula

"Israel" Radio announced on 19 May 1981 that there was co-operation between the Zionist and Egyptian intelligence services to combat the Palestinian Revolution. With this, the enemy's radio admitted a situation which had been in existence for some time.

In the days of the late President Jamal Abdul Nasser, the Zionists made strenuous efforts to build a wide clandestine network of agents and informers in Egypt. The activity of the German Zionist agent Wolfgang Lotz was the best-known proof of the success of Zionist intelligence in planting its agents in Egyptian society. Zionist intelligence also depended on the ability of the US Central Intelligence Agency to recruit a number of prominent Egyptian personalities such as Yusuf Al Sibai, Mursi Saadeddin and Husni Mubarak, whom Sadat has appointed to the post of Vice-President.

Sadat himself has a history deeply rooted in intelligence work. He admitted, in his memoirs *In Search of an Identity*, that he used to work as a spy for Nazi German intelligence in the Second World War. Mention has been made above of the co-operation between Nazi Germany and the Zionist movement. At the end of the Second World War Allen Dulles, who became the Director of the CIA, went to Europe to recruit agents of Nazi Germany for the United States. Among these agents was Anwar Sadat.

After he came to power, Sadat set out to undermine the patriotic policy which the late President Nasser had represented. He opened the doors of Egypt wide to American, and then Zionist, espionage activities, particularly after his signature of the Camp David appeasement agreements, so that imperialist and Zionist spies could infiltrate Egypt. Mossad agents now feel

completely at ease there. One of the strangest facts now is that Sadat's security detail includes not only agents from the Egyptian Mukhabarat (secret police) and the CIA, but also a few experienced Mossad officers. Informed sources say that Dr. Usama Al Baz, one of Sadat's senior advisers, works as a paid informer for Mossad.

Mossad has not only strengthened and expended its intelligence centres in Cairo, Port Said and Alexandria, but has also planted new residents in Suez, Qina and Aswan. Tel Aviv's first ambassador in Cairo Eliahu Ben Elissar, who is a career Mossad officer with the rank of general, used to direct the entire Zionist intelligence network in Egypt. He was succeeded in this function and in the post of ambassador in 1981 by Moshe Sassoon, former director of intelligence at the "Israeli" Foreign Ministry.

Recently Sadat received Mossad-inspired information about the growing opposition in the Egyptian Army to his regime. Following that, hundreds of Egyptian officers, including senior officers and even generals, were purged. Sadat has so far staged at least two major purges of the Egyptian Army. There are reports that a third one is imminent and will be more sweeping and ruthless than what has gone before. Sadat undoubtedly rids himself of some of his political opponents by staging such purges, but at the same time he severely damages his army by removing the ablest commanding officers and army leaders. That is exactly what Mossad expects him to do. While organising the leakages of authentic information about his political opponents to the chief of the Egyptian state, "Israeli" intelligence cunningly adds the names of the most talented Egyptian officers to the black lists. Thus, without pulling the trigger, the Zionists have inflicted far greater losses on the Egyptian Army than they did during the October 1973 war.

Mossad is actively taking advantage of the CIA intelligence network in Egypt. Until recently, the US intelligence community responded willingly to the requests of the "Israeli" secret service. However, after the uproar caused by the Andrew Young case, it looks as though these relations may become slightly cooler at times. Nevertheless, Mossad has now succeeded in setting up its own espionage network in Egypt, so it can ignore the CIA's bidding. "Israeli" intelligence has its own reliable sources both in the office of President Sadat himself and in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the army, the police and among powerful businessmen in Egypt. In addition, Mossad has its own informers among the CIA cells there. Thus, Mossad has the co-operation of Arthur Lorry, a CIA career officer and a political adviser to the US embassy in Cyprus, and of James Feas, the secretary to Alfred Atherton, the US ambassador in Egypt.

Since early 1980 the CIA has been conducting a sweeping reorganisation of its intelligence network in Egypt to boost and expand it considerably, on the initiative of the former chief of US intelligence dealing with Middle East questions, Samuel Hoskinson, who later became the chief intelligence aide to President Carter. Since Mossad agents had free access to Mr. Hoskinson, it became clear that as a result of such reorganisation the Zionist intelligence service will not only remain intact but will largely improve its position.

The "Israelis" are likewise taking advantage in Egypt of the people of General Nusairi, the former chief of the SAVAK spy and terrorist organisation under the Shah in Iran. These people have now come to despair and are, therefore, prepared to do anything so as not to lose the ultimate source of support.

Through Egypt, "Israeli" intelligence has obtained very

good opportunities to send its people to other Arab countries such as Libya, Sudan and Saudi Arabia.

The growing US arms sales to Saudi Arabia cause the enemy concern. So Mossad agents have been instructed to keep a watchful eye on the kingdom so that the Zionist entity will not be subjected to a surprise attack from the territory of the Arabian Peninsula in the event of a regime less servile to the United States arising there. Mossad hopes, with the help of Egyptians resident in Saudi Arabia, to be able to neutralise the patriotic and anti-Zionist forces there. Mossad's second top-priority task is to prod Saudi Arabia towards increasing oil supplies to Egypt, so that "Israel" can use part of this oil.

Mossad has a source of information of its own in the immediate entourage of Kamal Adham, Saudi Arabia's head of national security, who is said to be employed also by the CIA. By playing on some differences between the Saudi and Egyptian regimes, Mossad agents use their information about both Sadat's political intrigues and Riyadh's political moves in order to continue to divide the Arab World and boost the position of "Israel" in the Middle East.

In addition to the Sadat regime's help, the Zionists depend, naturally, on their special relationship with US imperialism. For example, a company called the Whitaker Corporation has been operating in Saudi Arabia since 1974 under contract with the Saudi Ministry of Defence. The US government used its influence to persuade the Saudi Defence Minister Prince Sultan Ibn Abdul Aziz to sign a contract with this company. The US government also insisted that the Saudi Defence Ministry should entrust the US Army's Corps of Engineers with supervising the construction work undertaken by Whitaker in Saudi Arabia. The US Corps of Engineers instructed another Zionist company, G.A. Jones, to carry out this work.

An extreme Zionist named Joe Allibrandi is president of Whitaker Corporation. Allibrandi finances a number of Zionist projects, including "Israeli Horizons" which publishes Zionist propaganda material.

The Zionists seek to extend their influence to all corners of the Arabian Peninsula. In the Sultanate of Oman, for instance, the national security adviser to Sultan Qabus is a British subject named Dennison, who was formerly the Sultanate's chief of intelligence. Reliable Omani sources have learnt that Dennison holds extreme Zionist views.

Following the victory of the Iranian Revolution which overthrew the Shah, a number of SAVAK men took refuge in Oman. At least 36 Zionist intelligence agents, who worked under the supervision of the "Israeli" embassy in Tehran, went to Oman with them.

The trainers of Oman's secret service are of several nationalities and include Jordanians, Egyptians, Britishers, Pakistanis, ex-SAVAK Iranians and American Zionists. Secret technical operations in the Musandam Governorate base are supervised by Americans, including at least seven Zionists with senior military ranks. Torture in Omani prisons is directed by people from various secret services, including those of "Israel". Although these people are employed by the Omani government, their identities and past histories are kept a closely guarded secret from Omani citizens.

The same sources add that, in the US attempted invasion of Iran in 1980, the US base on Oman's Masira Island played an important part. The operation was co-ordinated between US and "Israeli" intelligence services.

The commander of Oman's police, a British national named de Silva, was expelled from Uganda because of his connections with Zionism. On top of all this, Oman's Sultan

Qabus in a freemason, one of the many things he has in common with Sadat.

11. Mossad and the Socialist Countries

Mossad has been able to penetrate the Socialist countries in a far more effective way than any other Western intelligence service. Leaning on the support of their activists in the Jewish communities in the Soviet Union and other Socialist bloc countries, Zionist spies sometimes obtain information which even experienced CIA and MI-6 agents are unable to get.

For example, it was the Zionist intelligence service which obtained a copy of the secret report made by Nikita Khrushchev at the 20th. Soviet Communist Party Congress, when he condemned a "cult of Stalin's personality", and passed it on to its Western colleagues.

Zionist intelligence agents are planted in several Soviet state institutions, including the war industry. There are well-known cases of exposure by Soviet counter-intelligence of CIA agents whose activities are usually not related to Mossad. Nevertheless, there are many grounds to believe that Zionist intelligence carried qut the preparatory work to enable the Americans to recruit a number of high-ranking Soviet officials over the past few years, by selecting the most promising people from among Soviet Jews. Sharansky and Pilatov are the two most widely reported cases of this.

There are reportedly over three million Jews living in Russia now. So it is a top-priority task of Mossad to put the Russian Jewish community into operation in order to induce its members to emigrate to "Israel". About a quarter of a million Jews have reportedly emigrated from Russia to the West over the last decade. Mossad has been largely responsible for this by constantly engineering intrigues among Russian Jewish intellectuals, prodding them towards noisily voicing their disapproval of the Soviet regime. Mossad has a large group of Zionist organisers who attract

Jewish youths and other Jews who are displeased with Soviet policy.

Zionist leaders in Tel Aviv seem to believe that Soviet Jews are better suited to "Israeli" society on the grounds of their living standards than Jews from Western Europe or the United States, who have long been accustomed to a more luxurious way of life. Although Russian Jewish immigrants do encounter some social problems, they on the whole adapt themselves faster and more easily than do Jews who come from Western countries. So Mossad has to ensure a mass exodus of Eastern European Jews to the Zionist entity.

This problem is considered to be so serious and important that about a dozen organisations controlled by the Russian Department of the "Israeli" Ministry of Foreign Affairs headed by N. Levanon, a professional intelligence man, deal with it. The so-called Horev Committee and a "Jewish Agency" committee headed by Moshe Rivlin deal with the problems of Jewish immigration from the Soviet Union.

The work of these committees was necessitated by the facts that came to light, indicating that over 60% of the Jews emigrating from the Soviet Union actually go to Western Europe or North America, bypassing "Israel" Zionist leaders in Tel Aviv have even charged the secret services of the United States, and the CIA in particular, with "luring" Russian Jews. The immigration services of "Israel" abroad were instructed to give absolutely no assistance to East European emigrants refusing to go to "Israel". At the same time Mossad received an order to punish "Jewish troublemakers from Russia". A series of cruel steps followed against East European Jews who temporarily settled in Vienna, Munich, Milan, Rome and Paris. Despite Mossad's efforts, the wave of a "bad Aliya" has not

subsided, but on the contrary has grown.

The task of populating the "Greater Israel", including Arab territories occupied since 1967, as soon as possible is still a major political goal sought by Tel Aviv. Therefore, Mossad agents are exerting extraordinary efforts to awaken the dormant fanaticism in the hearts of Jews in Russia and other East European countries.

Mossad has succeeded in reviving the activities of Russian *samizdat,* an underground opposition publication. A few years ago Jewish "revolts" in Russia reached their climax. However, the Jews who have emigrated to the West now include almost all the dissident activists.

In other Socialist bloc countries, Mossad has been most successful in Romania and Poland. In Romania, however, the authorities have succeeded in bringing the wave of discontent under their control, whereas in Poland the situation was different. The discontent of the dissidents has affected labour and to some extent the farmers. Taking advantage of a world Yiddish seminar held in Poland in the early summer of 1979, Mossad sent about a dozen of its most experienced agents who specialised in Socialist bloc matters, in the guise of linguists. It appears that they have played no small part in fanning anti-government sentiments and organising demonstrations of protest. Mossad leaders believe that stirring up tension in the East European countries is the best possible way to contribute to the stepping-up of Jewish emigration from the Socialist bloc countries.

However, this is a double-edged weapon. While Mossad has succeeded in infiltrating the Jewish community in Socialist countries, the Socialist countries also have succeeded in planting some of their spies among Jewish immigrants to occupied Palestine, in order to protect themselves from Zionist intrigues. Perhaps the most famous

example of this was the case of Israel Beer, a Soviet Jew who emigrated to the Zionist entity and managed to reach a senior rank in the Zionist intelligence services. However, he remained loyal to his original country the Soviet Union, providing it with important information on the Zionist entity's secrets for many years until he was discovered.

12. Mossad's Role in Fund-Raising and the Arms Trade

"Israel" is suffering from an acute economic and financial crisis. That was the reason why the enemy's Prime Minister Menachem Begin ordered the return to "Israel" of money that had been illegally placed in foreign banks, and demanded from the Jews in the "Diaspora" to provide real, not formal, aid for the Zionist state. Following these instructions, "Israeli" banks and commercial firms indeed made some efforts, but these were half-hearted and did not produce the desired result. In this context, the ruling clique in Tel Aviv had to turn to Mossad.

"Israeli" intelligence began to draw up detailed lists of Jews from whom money might be extorted.

Each year Zionist and Jewish organisations in the world, as well as the Zionist organisations in occupied Palestine, raise money for the Aliya (Zionist immigration). The money is collected from Jews all over the world. These donations are voluntary. Over the last ten years, from $1 billion to $2.5 billion have been raised each year. But this has not been enough. So Mossad applied arm-twisting techniques to those Jews in the "Diaspora" who, the Zionists believed, were being miserly with their money.

To compel such people to make donations, the Zionist movement uses various methods, from imposing a boycott on their shops or commercial firms in the Jewish community concerned, to threats and even committing acts of theft or assault against them.

Mossad controls hundreds of Jewish-owned cabarets, restaurants, night clubs, bars, dancing halls and gambling houses. Mossad imposes its own taxes on these establishments. Mossad can obtain both "clean" and "dirty" money, the term "clean money" meaning what it obtains by applying slight pressure, while "dirty" money is obtained

through using violent methods. Sometimes Mossad stages hold-ups, in which one group of its men play the role of robbers, while another group poses as protectors of the victims of the operation, from whom they then demand a reward.

There is a group of terrorists called the "Children of God", who have been operating for years in London. It was led by an American Jew named David Berg, who was a paid Mossad agent and who organised hold-ups on orders from his bosses.

It is known that Mossad controls many synagogues in various countries of the world. Zionist secret agents therefore have no difficulties in raising money among the congregations of these synagogues.

Former US Vice-President Walter Mondale, in the summer of 1980, said that there is no other state in the world which receives such benefits as the Zionist entity receives. By that he meant the sums which are transferred from America to Tel Aviv's account, as well as profits which "Israel" gets from arms sales abroad.

Pentagon experts in charge of compiling inventories of US arms to be sold abroad have repeatedly expressed their concern that "Israel" is now competing ever more successfully with the United States in an attempt to win some potentially important bidders, who could have otherwise bought arms from the United States.

At present "Israel" is regarded as among the elite of states which are the world's major arms dealers. Let us consider the role of Mossad officers in this trade.

It should be pointed out that a fierce competition is going on in the world arms market. How to place a contract or how to make a most profitable deal more often than not is a sensitive question. Mossad is there to solve exactly this kind of problem in the first place. The "Israeli" intelligence

service is actually engaged in promoting military contracts.

The activities undertaken by Mossad agents in this connection are the following:

1) They find the most promising clients to buy large quantities of "Israeli" – made weapons;

2) They survey the supply and demand in the world arms market, closely watching all the other quarters selling and buying arms;

3) They identify arms surpluses in the NATO framework and study them with a view to selecting the most effective weapons systems to be obtained by "Israel";

4) They look for ways to ensure the security of "Israeli"-made arms shipments to such countries as Haiti, Chile, El Salvador, South Africa and others;

5) They select new products and processes in the military field on the world market, and arrange for their immediate acquisition;

6) They arrange and carry out special operations against political opponents or competitors who hinder the Zionist entity from selling arms at a profit.

Furthermore, Mossad takes care of a multitude of petty problems arising from the signed deals. In some cases Mossad is required to ensure the protection of arms convoys or to serve as an informer for some of the world's major arms dealers such as Boeing or McDonnell-Douglas, but only when "Israel" has no interest in winning the contract.

During the period 1979-1983, "Israeli" arms sales to South Africa alone, including anti-aircraft missile launchers, armoured personnel carriers, Uzi submachine guns, heavy machine guns, armour-plated speedboats and light tanks, are estimated to reach roughly $2 billion.

Mossad agents were among the first to get wind of the tensions arising in relations between the United States and Brazil. A powerful "Israeli" delegation was dispatched to

Brazil on an unofficial visit to offer the military rulers of that Latin American country a long list of military hardware. This list included F-16 fighter aircraft, which the "Israelis" receive from the United States but are prepared to sell to "nice partners" at a good price.

Today the Zionist entity is supplying engines for modernised versions of the Mirage and Skyhawk planes to Australia, Kfir aircraft and Shafrir missiles to Argentina, Chile, Ecuador, Honduras and El Salvador, Gabriel missiles to Taiwan, and Gan guns to Guatemala. Uzi submachine guns are sold not only to all the abovementioned countries but also to Italy, Bolivia, Holland, Singapore, Japan and Indonesia, where they are used mainly by security forces. Lately Mossad agents have been looking for a way to do deals with the Chinese leaders. China may become a golden market for the Zionists. There are grounds to believe that under certain circumstances "Israel" might sell mini-nuclear weapons which it is now developing.

It is known that the Zionist enemy provides arms to secessionist movements and revolts against patriotic regimes in developing countries, particularly African states, such as Moise Tschombe's movement which strove for the secession of Katanga from the Congo, or the secessionist revolt in Nigeria which tried to form the state of "Biafra".

In 1955 Zionist intelligence carried out one of its most cunning operations, through which it achieved more than one aim. A man of Armenian origin named Aram Anwir was killed in an incident in occupied territory. Zionist intelligence found that one of its agents resembled this man. They made some alterations to him so as to make him "an identical copy". For instance, the real Aram had been wounded by a bullet during his youth, so Zionist intelligence provided the body of its agent with a scar similar to this wound. The agent then went to Paris where

he worked as an arms dealer, and was able to conclude a deal to sell a quantity of arms to the Algerian Revolution.

"Israeli" intelligence then informed the French authorities of this deal, so that they would expel the abovementioned agent from French territory. This led the Egyptian authorities at that time to believe that he was a friend of the Arab nation, and to invite him to visit Egypt. With this operation, the enemy's intelligence achieved the following three aims:

1) Obtaining a sum of money from the Algerian Revolution in payment for the arms shipment which the French authorities confiscated.

2) Winning the sympathy of French intelligence, which regarded Zionist intelligence as an allied force against the Algerian Revolution.

3) Planting a Zionist agent in Egypt who enjoyed the trust of the Egyptian authorities.

13. Mossad as an Instrument of World Zionism

In addition to being a government intelligence service, Mossad is also an espionage and terrorist body of major international Zionist organisations, primarily of the World Zionist Organisation (WZO).

Zionist leaders use Mossad agents to protect their personal interests as well as to oust their political opponents. Ostensibly showing concern for "Israeli" interests, they are in fact taking advantage of Mossad as an instrument to settle accounts with their personal enemies. This has been most graphically demonstrated by the recent efforts made by Zionist leaders to set up private security services. Although prominent Zionists like Shmuel Flatto-Sharon try to portray these services as being "for the protection of Jews in general", no one can pay the costs of the services of hired security men except the rich, namely members of the Zionist ruling elite.

Now the question arises: after the Zionist leaders had been using Mossad as a whole, why should they now intend using it in parts?

The first reason is that the Zionist ruling elite is torn apart by fierce conflicts and debates within it. Opposing factions have emerged within this elite, each of which needs the services of paid agents to be protected from merciless competitors. The second reason is that Zionist organisations cannot always rely on Mossad, since the Zionist state occasionally applies a veto on this.

The third reason is that a large organisation almost invariably leads to growing bureaucracy. The very complicated mechanism of Mossad, the independence of some of its agents and the rigorous subordination of others prevented Zionist leaders from using it whenever they considered it necessary.

Although the setting up of private security services would undoubtedly remove all these obstacles, it would give rise to others. Would Mossad be able to coexist with these affiliates? Would complications arise, and would competition arise between these various services? These and other questions seem all the more pertinent in view of the fact that some secret agents, as a result of their financial greed, may attempt to serve more than one organisation at the same time.

However, the most serious problem that could arise in this context is the likelihood of a Zionist magnate taking advantage of his enormous wealth to set up a private security service which would be much stronger than the secret services of many states and even be in a position to challenge Mossad itself.

Mossad officers are now trained in a spirit of fanatical chauvinism and Zionist expansionism. They are indoctrinated with the idea that the Jews are "God's chosen people" and that "Israel" is a special state which must therefore stand at the top of the pyramid of nations. They are constantly told that Jews have been oppressed for centuries, and that now, therefore, the time has come for them to take revenge by ruthlessly crushing others. Some time ago Manachem Begin, when he was a member of the Knesset before becoming the enemy's Prime Minister, said that the "Israelis" should show no compassion in killing an enemy. He carried out this idea in practice as head of the Irgun terrorist organisation.

Zionist propaganda always tries to praise Mossad's exploits and portray its agents as "noble" when they kill with a bullet or poison. However Mossad is in fact nothing but an institution which specialises in crimes against the innocent, sordid intrigues and the violation of international laws, the laws of various states, moral principles and true

religious values like the Ten Commandments, such as "thou shalt not kill", "thou shalt not steal", etc.

Mossad's interference in the internal affairs of the Jewish community in various countries constitutes a real danger to the interests of the Jews themselves, since it exposes them to the accusation of "dual allegiance". Mossad is also taking advantage of Zionist organisations in the so-called free world to commit criminal acts against the legitimate institutions of Western countries. There is also a danger in Mossad's intrigues against "undesirable" political and public leaders in Europe, Asia, Africa and America. Mossad is using "anti-Semitism", and the failure of most people to understand this expression in its true sense, as a method of intellectual terrorisation against anyone who opposes Zionism. This constitutes a danger to democratic rights in several countries also.

Mossad threatens the interests of various industrial and other countries by constantly seeking to engineer political intrigues in the upper echelons of society, taking advantage of the ensuing political rivalry, problems and discord in the countries against which it has conspired.

A special danger of Mossad lies also in the fact that it considers it not only its "right" but its "duty" to interfere in everything related to the Jewish community in various parts of the world. Mossad agents have their secret informers in practically every Jewish community in Europe, North and South America, Asia and Africa. As a former Mossad agent who is now living in Western Europe affirmed in a personal meeting with quarters which support the Palestinian Resistance, "Israeli" intelligence is constantly keeping an eye on almost all Jewish organisations, all the central synagogues and thousands of banks and companies whose managers include Jews.

Mossad's spying on members of the European Parliament

and a number of political and public personalities in Western countries threatens the basic principles of democracy there. The same applies to the persecution by Mossad agents of numerous honourable Jews in Europe and America because they criticise Zionism. For example, Mossad agents made an abortive attempt to murder Dr. Alfred Lilienthal, a prominent American Jewish historian who has written a series of books criticising the Zionist entity.

Even in the ranks of moderate Zionists who sometimes criticise "Israeli" policy, Mossad behaves in the same way. Mossad agents carried out an attempt to assassinate Knesset member, journalist and publicist Uri Avneri. They have also threatened Nahum Goldmann, former President of the World Zionist Organisation. They make threats today against hundreds of rabbis, leaders of independent Jewish communities and organisations, university professors, students and others.

PART THREE

ASSESSMENT
OF ZIONIST INTELLIGENCE

Many authors who write about Zionist intelligence fall into one of two opposite errors. Zionist authors concentrate their writings on the successes of Zionist intelligence, notably in planting some agents in Arab countries like Eli Cohen and Wolfgang Lotz, and in some of its operations like the kidnapping of Eichmann or the snatching of gunboats from Cherbourg. The aim of these writings is to arouse a feeling in the reader that Zionist intelligence is an invincible force and that our cause is hopeless.

In their reaction to this, some authors write in an opposite way, concentrating their attention on the mistakes enemy intelligence has made, to the point which makes the reader belittle the capability of this intelligence and consider it an easy matter to defeat it. It is clear that such a mentality may also serve the enemy's interest, in that it can lead to negligence and carelessness over the need to protect the security and secrets of the Revolution.

Hence our duty as revolutionaries who want to achieve victory over the enemy requires us to know well and precisely the nature of the enemy, their points of strength and weakness and the methods they use, so that on the basis of this knowledge we may arrive at a realistic and balanced assessment of the capability of their intelligence service. Thus we can take the necessary measures and draw up adequate plans to defeat them, achieve the Revolution's aims of liberating the land and people, and avoid the two evils of terror and negligence.

We must acknowledge that Zionist intelligence constitutes a threat to the Palestinian Revolution and to all forces of liberation, progress and the wellbeing of humanity in the world. This is not only because of its own strength, but also because of its alliances with similar forces of evil such as the US Central Intelligence Agency, the intelligence of the racist regime in South Africa, Sadat's secret police

and other instruments of repression directed by the tyrants of the world. Conversely, the Palestinian Resistance is also strong in its struggle against tyranny, not only as a result of its own capabilities, but also since it is a part of the forces of liberation and progress in the world and because of its alliances with other revolutionary forces which are fighting in various parts of the world to overthrow the tyrants and build a just society and a better life for our grandchildren. To whoever says that the enemy forces are more organised and co-ordinated than ours, I reply that we are under an obligation to improve our organisation and co-ordination so we can achieve victory. In this conflict between the oppressed and the oppressors, victory will go to the side which uses its intellect, mobilises all its energies and organises and co-ordinates them in the best way.

The Zionist enemy uses Mossad in attempts to wipe out the leadership of the Palestinian Resistance abroad, and has been able to assassinate a number of Palestinian personalities. Therefore, anyone who works for the liberation of humanity in general, and the liberation of Palestine in particular, has to take the necessary precautions to avoid falling into a trap Mossad men may set for him. Conversely, we note that enemy intelligence has generally chosen easy targets such as information officials (Ghassan Kanafani and Kamal Nasser) or Palestinian representatives in foreign countries (Said Hammami and Mahmoud Hamshari) who were carrying on their work without being heavily guarded, since it was not expected that they would be targets for assassination. As for the Resistance's military officials, enemy intelligence did not usually dare to attack them except when they were outside the Arab World and without intensive guard (Zuhair Muhsin in France and Abu Safwat in Cyprus). All this means that Mossad is a gang of killers, but it is not an organisation able to liquidate its

victims anywhere and at any time, as Zionist propaganda portrays it.

In occupied territory, Shin Bet and Zionist military intelligence work to combat the Palestinian Revolution and recruit agents for this purpose. Enemy intelligence tries to keep a watch on Palestinians resident in occupied territory, so as to know of any activities they undertake to resist the occupation. It is logical that, for this purpose, the enemy should use the most modern machinery developed by scientists of the imperialist bloc.

For example, in the early 1970s the enemy began to use a sophisticated lie-detecting machine at Allenby Bridge on the River Jordan to examine anyone crossing this bridge to enter Palestine. This machine measures irregularities in breathing. Enemy soldiers at the crossing-point question those crossing the river while the machine, through electromagnetic waves moving over the stomach, records the average breathing rate of each person. If it shows that a particular person is breathing unusually fast, he will be interrogated.

However, such machines are merely an auxiliary factor to the human element, on which all intelligence work depends even in our age. This lie detector is not completely accurate, since lying is not the only factor which alters the speed of breathing. There are many emotions like fear, joy or anger, which may have the same effect. The enemy's ability to prevent the entry of Resistance militants, or the latter's ability to deceive the enemy and enter despite all their measures, depends on the confrontation between the militant and the interrogator at the entry point in these circumstances. Such a confrontation is a test of the intelligence of the two sides, whose result is determined by the human element.

We must also not forget that the United States depended

on its modern machines and technological superiority in its war against Vietnam. Although their material potentials were not large, the Vietnamese people, by pursuing the methods of people's war and through their high morale resulting from the justice of their cause, were able to defeat the American technological superiority.

The enemy's methods of interrogating prisoners and recruiting agents are an implicit admission of the importance of the human element. It is worth noting that the enemy often resorts to psychological factors and tries to discover the weak points in the personalities of target individuals in their attempts to recruit agents or destroy the faith of Palestinian citizens in their cause or force prisoners to divulge information or confess. These personal weak points are blackmail cards which an intelligent interrogator can exploit to achieve his aims.

An example of this was Ziyad Al Suwaiti, a Palestinian citizen whom the enemy was able to recruit in an attempt to assassinate the Palestine Liberation Organisation's representative in Turkey. However, the enemy's methods in this were not extremely effective, since Suwaiti gave himself up to the PLO office in Turkey and confessed, without committing the crime required of him.

The enemy concentrates on sexual questions in attempts to discover personal weak points. Nizar Ammar, in his book "Israeli Intelligence", mentioned that enemy intelligence kidnaps adolescent boys and places them in special centres under the supervision of experts in psychology, to corrupt their morals with drugs, alcohol and encouraging them to indulge in sex and perversion. As Nizar Ammar stated, "this is followed by intellectual indoctrination and psychological influences aimed at pushing them in future into deviation in guerrilla bases, so that they may be the eyes of Israeli intelligence inside the

body of the Revolution." However, the Resistance's security services were able to be aware of this problem and deal with it wisely, by reforming these youths in special centres.

In order to achieve its abovementioned aims in occupied territory, enemy intelligence carries out a precise study of the Palestinian people's situation there in the social, economic, class and family spheres so as to exploit all possible circumstances, in other words, to determine the elements which might co-operate with the occupation for their personal interests, for instance, so that the enemy may choose open and secret agents from among them. Likewise, through this study, the enemy can come to know the weak personalities in society such as drug addicts, and then pressure them to collaborate with the occupation. Although the enemy prefers to recruit secret agents from people of good reputation in society, who do not arouse the suspicions of the masses, they also try to discover their personal weak points or entangle them in personal moral problems, so as to be able to blackmail them and compel them to collaborate out of fear of their secrets being revealed.

The enemy tries to recruit agents from various sources, such as Arab students in foreign countries, exploiting their difficult material circumstances, Arab emigrants, foreign journalists working in the Arab World, etc. Zionist intelligence also sends some agents to infiltrate PLO offices in foreign countries or organisations which support the Palestinian Revolution, so they can win the trust of those working in these offices, and thus be able to infiltrate the Resistance from abroad.

I have mentioned some of the methods of Zionist intelligence as examples, not exhaustively, to indicate an important fact: that the Zionist enemy disdains moral

principles in intelligence work. I consider this one of the enemy's weak points. They resort to methods like blackmail and threats to recruit their agents. This means that the process of recruitment is compulsory rather than voluntary and the agent wishes he could free himself from the grip of Zionist intelligence. Sometimes Zionist intelligence tries to entice agents with material gain, namely by paying them large allowances. This method also does not guarantee results, since a hired agent may shift his allegiance to another party which pays him larger sums. There is another method, convincing the person whose recruitment is desired of the Zionist philosophy. However, this philosophy is fundamentally false, since it is built up on unscientific race myths, such as the myth which claims that the Jews form one people, for example. In the event of an agent indoctrinated with this philosophy meeting a person who proves it to be false, what will become of this agent's faith in Zionism?

In spite of their strong alliances in the imperialist bloc and their enormous material potentials, the Zionist enemy suffers from several weak points which will lead to their collapse, if the Palestinian Revolution exploits these intelligently.

One of the most important of these weak points is the contradiction between the ruling Ashkenazi Jews and the ruled Sephardic Jews in the Zionist entity. This contradiction is a real breach in the Zionist entity, in that the Sephardic Jews suffer from racial discrimination at the hands of the Ashkenazi Jews. Zionist intelligence has exploited Sephardic Jews since most of them were originally citizens of Arab countries and they know Arabic and Arab customs and resemble Muslim and Christian Arabs in appearance and culture. All this means that they can easily mix in Arab society to spy on it, but at the same time they

are exposed to racial discrimination in Ashkenazi "Israeli" society as a result of their "Arab characteristics". On top of that, the Sephardic Jews used to be a cultural elite in the Arab countries before the establishment of the Zionist entity. They used to work in fields like medicine, law and bank management. Now the Zionist movement has transformed them into an oppressed class which cleans the streets and toilets to serve the Ashkenazi rulers.

There are other weak points in the nature of the Zionist entity related to the role of the intelligence services as such. The Zionist entity was established as a base for imperialism, so it could play the role of a dagger cutting the eastern part of the Arab World off from the western part and separating the African and Asian continents. This means that it was planted in an environment hostile to it, and therefore suffers from Arab encirclement in its various forms and the oppostion of most Asian and African states to its role as an instrument of imperialism. This has made it dependent on its intelligence services to an unnatural extent to protect it from any surprise attack As a result of this dependence, the intelligence services became the strongest element in the life of the Zionist entity. This is not a healthy situation in any society.

In order to play their required role, the enemy intelligence services had to resort to "dirty tricks" to eliminate anyone whom they regarded as their enemy, recruit agents and serve the aims of the Zionist state in the military, political and economic fields. They also had to exploit religion in a deviationist way to ensure the support of the world's Jews for the Zionist entity. By using these methods, Zionist intelligence poses a danger not only to the Arab nation, but to the world's Jews also.

As a result of all the abovementioned factors, Zionist intelligence has become an important element, and at times

the most important element, in the political life of the Zionist entity and the internal conflict between its ruling parties. Perhaps the Lavon scandal was the most famous proof of this. However, it was not the only example. Isser Beeri was removed from the position of chief of Zionist military intelligence as a result of his involvement in "Israeli" party conflicts and his torture of a Jew from Haifa called Jules Amster because of internal differences. Among the recent scandals was the resignation of the commander of Shin Bet Abraham Achitov as a result of his difference with Begin, who forbade him from investigating the case of the attacks on Palestinian mayors, for fear that this investigation would lead to exposing the role of the Zionist state apparatus in committing these crimes.

Apart from the Lavon scandal, enemy intelligence has committed a number of mistakes, among the most famous of which was the murder of the innocent Moroccan Ahmad Bouchikhi, whom it mistook for an official of the Palestinian Resistance. Among its flagrant mistakes which had dangerous consequences for the Zionist entity were its lack of advance knowledge on the deal over arms which Egypt bought in the 1950s from the Socialist countries and its failure to assess the situation on the eve of the 1973 war.

While Zionist intelligence derives benefits from its alliances within the imperialist bloc, these alliances sometimes make it fall into the error of dependence on machinery and underestimation of the human factor. For example, shortly before the otubreak of the civil war in Lebanon, the computers in CIA headquarters estimated that, by training the militias of the Phalangist and "National Liberal" parties and providing them with specific quantities of weapons, the imperialist-Zionist alliance would be able to wipe out the Palestinian Resistance within a few weeks. However, this did not happen, since electronic equipment is

capable of dealing with figures which express material quantities only. It is not able to assess human factors like the morale of the combatants or the reactions of porters in the vegetable market, fishermen on Lebanon's coast and the peasants in south Lebanon to the instigation of a civil war in their country. As a result of these reactions, the Lebanese National Movement developed and gained in strength, and took a firm stand beside the Palestinian Revolution, and the American-Zionist plan failed to achieve the aim of destroying the Resistance. It is true that the civil war in Lebanon caused great destruction and led to the martyrdom of a large number of innocent people, but it also brought about a strong cohesion of destiny between the Lebanese and Palestinian peoples and made the Lebanese people well aware of the danger of American and Zionist intrigues against them. US imperialism and Zionism will pay a heavy price for causing the civil war in Lebanon.

Enemy intelligence is not an invincible force, since it is subject to the likelihood of error like any other intelligence service. The Palestinian Resistance can benefit from these errors and from the weak points inherent in the e

Enemy intelligence is not an invincible force, since it is subject to the likelihood of error like any other intelligence service. The Palestinian Resistance can benefit from these errors and from the weak points inherent in the essence of Zionism, to win victory over the enemy. However, the enemy's material strength, alliances with other parties in the imperialist bloc and ability to use modern technological methods require us to be constantly vigilant and to develop the methods of confrontation and adopt the necessary measures to preserve the Revolution's secrets and protect its security.

It is worth mentioning that the Palestinian Revolution has tremendous superiority over the enemy in the moral

sphere. We do not need to use sordid methods like blackmail and threats to recruit agents, because any person who believes in freedom and progress can be our ally if we play our necessary role in making him aware and educating him. For example, when the Revolution's security services need people to co-operate with it from inside Jewish society, it can find such people among the Sephardic Jews who suffer from Ashkenazi racial discrimination, or the democratic Jews who know something about the Zionist movement's sordid history and its betrayal of the interests of the Jews in Europe when it concluded its deals with Nazism.

In a press statement published by *Falastin Al Thawra,* Abul Hol, member of Fatah's Central Committee and Superintendent of the Central Security Service, referred to important principles in revolutionary security action, by stating:

"In the Palestinian Revolution we have come to understand the method (of enemy intelligence), and have managed to arrest many of their spies. They know this correctly through the operations that take place between us and them. We deal with them as we wish and successfully, and we have debunked the legendary bogey of Israeli intelligence.

"This legend is simply a fantasy and superstition", Abul Hol continued, "and when the time comes we shall expose many pitfalls into which Israeli intelligence fell and still falls in its war against the Palestinian Revolution. Just as the Palestinian and Lebanese combatant defeated the legend of the 'invincible army' in several battles, as every Arab citizen knows, the security militant, especially in occupied territory, has also come to know the illusion about Israeli intelligence. But this does not mean that Israeli intelligence does not succeed in some of its aims and tasks. Anyway, it

has come to know that attaining its aims is not an easy thing."

In moral terms, Abul Hol, affirmed that the revolutionary method in security "depends on the security service's relationship with the masses." He explained that "to succeed in this method, there must be a clear relationship between security and the masses, a relationship governed by trust between the two... security services usually have several tasks, among them those which make the masses feel distaste, particularly over anything called 'intelligence'. This distaste grew up after these masses' experience with repressive Arab secret police services. Hence the Revolution's security apparatus must transform the link with the organisation and the masses into a shield to protect the Revolution, since the tasks of the security service basically are not to spy on members of the organisation or watch the masses' movements. Rather, every Palestinian or Arab citizen should feel that the Revolution's security service is there basically to protect, serve and defend him, and every member of the security service must regard himself as a servant of the masses, not a master over them, so that this relationship is not broken."

The Palestinian people are at present conducting a long-term people's war, of which the battle on the intelligence level is an important part. This war will be arduous since we are facing a savage enemy. But the lessons of history, including the people's wars conducted by the peoples in Vietnam, Nicaragua and Zimbabwe in recent times for example, confirm the likelihood of the Palestinian people's victory in this war, although the enemy enjoys great material strength.